FIRST EDITION.

The Tipperary Man

And Limerick Recorder.

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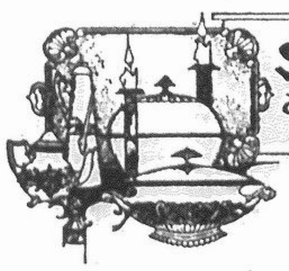

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BLACK ALL-WOOL CASHMERE HOSE—2/6, 2/11, 3/6, & 3/11.
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For Cattle and Pig Feeding.

Oatmeal is also Made at the Mills.

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N.B.—Post Orders carefully attended to.

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Ladies' Blanket-Cloth Navy Costume, tailored style, breast-pocket and belt, from 30/-.
Ladies' Dress Skirts, all colours, from 5/11.
Ladies' Pleated Navy Dress Skirts, from 16/11.
Ladies' Showerproof Coats, lined check throughout, two pockets and belt, from 25/6.
Ladies' Blanket-Cloth Coats, all colours, with fur collar and belt, from 27/6.
Other Styles, without fur collars, cheaper.
Ladies' and Girls' Suede Leather Tams, from 2/11.
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Suede Pull-on Hats, now so fashionable for country wear, from 6/11.
Smart Teddy Bear Tams, from 1/11.
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Ladies' Wool Sports Coats, from 14/11.
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Ladies' Wool Frocks, from 17/11.
Ladies' Wool Scarves, 1½yds. long, from 3/11.
Ladies' Wool Gauntlet Gloves, with fringe, 3/11.
Child's Wool Frock, 16-18in., from 1/11.
Child's 18in. Coloured Cashmerette Frock, from 2/6.
Infant's White Embroidered Frock, from 2/6.
Ladies' Calico Chemises, from 2/-.
Ladies' Calico Nightdresses, from 3/6.
Ladies' Vests, from 1/6.
Ladies' Camisoles, from 1/11.
Ladies' White Trimmed Embroidery Underskirt, from 2/6.
Ladies' Voile Jumper Blouses, from 2/6.
Ladies' White Silk Jumper Blouses, from 6/6.
Ladies' Artificial Silk Jumpers, from 14/11.
Ladies' Crepe de Chine Jumpers, from 10/6.
Ladies' Black Blouses, from 3/6; Outsizes, 4/11.
Ladies' Black Cotton Hose, from 9d. per pair.
Ladies' Coloured Drop Stitch Hose, from 1/9.
Ladies' Heavy Ribbed Winter Silk Hose, all colours, from 8/6.
Ladies' Artificial Silk Hose, black and colours, from 2/11.
Boys' Jerseys, from 2/11, all colours.
Housemaids' Dresses, from 6/11.
Aprons, coloured, from 1/6.
Black Aprons, from 2/6; also white.
Coloured Overalls, from 2/6.
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Ladies' Pyjamas, from 8/6.
Ladies' Evening and Dance Frocks, from 30/-
Men's Heavy-ribbed, All-Wool Socks, from 1/6 per pair.
Men's Black and Brown Brogue Shoes, from 10/6.
Men's Black and Brown Boots, from 10/6.
All Boots and Shoes Clearing Regardless of Cost.

NOTE ADDRESS:

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OH, BOYS! OH, BOYS!

IT WILL BE SOME FUN!

BALLYVISTEA (EMLY)

GREYHOUND AND TERRIER

COURSING

ON SUNDAY, 30th OCTOBER, 1921.

The BALLYVISTEA STAKE, for 16 Greyhounds, at 10s. each. Winner receives £6; runner-up £2 (if stake fills).
The SUMMERHILL STAKE, for 16 Terriers, at 3s. each. Winner receives £2; runner-up 10s. (if stake fills).
Entries (accompanied by Entrance Fee) close with the Hon. Secretary at noon on Saturday, 29th October.
BOOKMAKERS WILL ATTEND.

ADMISSION TO GROUNDS - - 1/-.

P. [illegible]HEN, Ballyvistea, Hon. Sec.
C. [illegible]GRAED & M. MOLONEY, Stewards.

OOLA HORSE AND PONY RACES,

ON

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 30th, 1921,

In Aid of the Scan Wall Fund.

First Race—2.0 p.m.

OOLA PLATE of 4 sovs; second to receive 1 sov out of plate. For Ponies 13 hands and under. Distance, 1 mile flat. Entrance fee, 5s.

Second Race—2.30 p.m.

TRADERS' PLATE of 4 sovs; second to receive 1 sov out of plate. For Ponies 14.2 and under. Distance, 1½ miles. Entrance, 5s.

Third Race—3.0 p.m.

FARMERS' PLATE of 6 sovs, of which the second will receive 1 sov out of plate. Distance, 2 miles. Entrance, 7s. 6d.

Fourth Race—3.30 p.m.

CONSOLATION PLATE of 2 sovs, for Beaten Horses. Distance, 1½ miles. Entrance, 2s. 6d.

Entries, which close on Saturday, the 29th inst., must be accompanied by fees.

Committee's decision shall be final in all cases of dispute or objection.

Admission—1/-. Cars—5/-.

JOHN MOLONEY, Secretary, Newtown, Oola, Tipperary.

DENIS SKEHAN,

COMMISSION AGENT,

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Bar Fitting Utensils, Cork Drawers, Corking Machines, Glasses.

All Sundries connected with the Licensed Trade.

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From £4 4s.

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SIX DEMONSTRATION CARS.

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PIG MEAL;

ALSO

A Calf and Cattle Meal

Barley Meal alone is not a perfect food. Though high in carbohydrates, it is low in oil and albuminoids. We are making up a meal consisting of 45 per cent. good kiln-dried barley, 10 per cent. of the best fish-meal low in oil, and the balance of 45 per cent. of imported food stuffs.

An ounce of practice is worth a ton of theory. Seeing is believing. The proof of the pudding is in the eating.

A TANKARDSTOWN FARMER writes:—"Send me half a ton of the same Pig Meal as you sent my neighbours."

Another Farmer writes:—"I put in a pen of slips with their backbones sticking through their backs. After feeding them for a fortnight on your meal I did not know them. In four weeks and three days from putting them in I sold them, weighing 13 stone each."

Analysis—6¼ per cent. oil and 16¼ per cent. albuminoids.

Also a first-class Calf and Cattle Meal suitable for dry or wet feeding. This Meal contains 9 per cent. oil and 15 per cent. albuminoids.

Terms:—

Pig Meal - - 15/- per cwt.
Calf Meal - - 16/- per cwt.

Cash with Order.

CARRIAGE PAID ON 4-TON LOTS TO ALL PLACES IN COUNTIES OF LIMERICK AND TIPPERARY.

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CASHEL.

The Most Complete and Best Equipped

FUNERAL FURNISHERS

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PRICES MODERATE.

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The Tipperary Posting and Undertaking Establishment,

MAIN STREET.

TIPPERARY.

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EVERSAFE

(2d. EACH)

CURES HEADACHE & NEURALGIA IN A FEW MINUTES.

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P. COMAN, 49 & 50 Main Street, Tipperary.

FOR SALE, LARGE STOCK OF MOUNMENTS, HEADSTONES, & CROSSES.

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EVERYTHING IN MARBLE, STONE, OR GRANITE MADE OR REPAIRED.

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CASHEL.

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We are properly equipped, well-staffed, and already doing a fine job-printing business---but we want to do more.

We want the local community to enable us, by their orders, to AT LEAST DOUBLE AN ALREADY HEAVY WAGES BILL.

The County Printing Works, Tipperary.

Billheads, Memos, Duplicate Memo and Accounts in Book Form.—We are giving our customers the advantage of the recent fall in paper prices in these items.—**The County Printing Works,** Davis Street, Tipperary. (The only Printing Office in the town, and the best-equipped in the county.)

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FARMING NOTES.

STORAGE OF POTATOES.

The results of experiments on storage rot in potatoes, carried out recently at the Agricultural College, Glasnevin, showed that the most dangerous source of infection arises from the direct contact of tubers with blighted foliage. Although blight has not been very prevalent this year, there have been reports of late appearances, and care should therefore be taken when potatoes are being dug to prevent tubers coming into contact with diseased stalks, and not to use the latter as covering for pits, nor as temporary covering for the potatoes while lying in the field.

At the time of lifting, or shortly afterwards, potatoes should be carefully picked and graded into large and small sizes, and stored separately. Diseased tubers and very small ones should be separated from the others and put away for pig or poultry feeding.

Where potatoes are stored in pits or clamps out of doors, and this is the method adopted with the bulk of the crop not required for seed, the pit or clamp should be situated on the driest part of the ground. Low lying, damp land, subject to flooding, and sheltered places in the vicinity of trees, are most unsuitable positions for pits.

After grading, potatoes should be piled in a heap not more than three feet wide at the bottom and gradually tapering to a width of a few inches at a height of about two and a half feet. On very dry land the pit bottom may be hollowed slightly, but the best results are obtained when the pit is made on level ground. When the pit is made up it should be covered with a layer of from four to six inches of dry straw, which in turn should be covered with a layer of soil of similar depth. Provision for ventilation to prevent the disease known as "pit rot" should be made by inserting small bundles of straw at intervals of from five to six feet along the top of the pit. To avoid loss through decay, potatoes stored in pits should be periodically examined and all diseased tubers removed.

Houses in which potatoes required for for more immediate use are stored should be thoroughly dry, well ventilated, and, if possible, rat and mouse proof. To prevent heating and sprouting the layers of potatoes should not be more than three feet in depth. To exclude light, exposure to which injures cooking quality, and as a protection against frost, potatoes so stored should be covered with straw or sacking.

Effect of Drought on Fertilisers in the Soil.

Discussing the question as to what extent can fertilisers added to the soil in seasons such as that now drawing to a close be relied upon for next year's crops, in the current issue of the journal of the Ministry of Agriculture, Dr. Russell, of the Rothamstead Experimental Station, says that there is abundant evidence to show that potash and phosphates remain unchanged during a dry season, and that they will therefore come in perfectly well for succeeding crops in the rotation; no loss need be feared. The fertiliser added has not been wasted, but is simply lying where it can be taken up by the plant. This holds true of sulphate of potash, muriate of potash, kainit, superphosphate, basic slag, mineral phosphates, and bone manures.

Nitrogenous manures, however, are liable to behave differently. Some of them have probably been taken up by the crop, and if so cannot be expected to act in the soil again. Cases came to Dr. Russell's notice where a quick-acting nitrate was taken up by the grass crop, as shown by the dark green colour and additional growth of herbage; while the slower acting nitrolim was not taken up, but lay on the soil unchanged. Nitrogenous manures left thus unabsorbed will probably change to nitrate when the soil becomes sufficiently wet, and they may then be taken up by a crop or washed out of the soil; but they are not likely to be left unchanged in the soil. So much depends on local conditions that it is difficult to lay down general rules, but Dr. Russell offers the following opinions:—

1. On grass land intended for hay the nitrogenous manure will probably remain effective for the coming season. It has happened after a great drought that heavy rain was followed by an unusually copious growth of grass.

2. On arable land intended for winter corn the nitrogenous manure may also remain effective, especially in view of the fact that work is well forward and sowing is likely to be early.

3. On arable land intended for roots or spring corn on the other hand, the nitrogenous manure may suffer considerable loss. It is likely to change into nitrates rapidly if it is not already in that form, and then it is liable to be washed out of the soil. If the winter should be wet there will be just as much need for nitrogenous manure next spring as if this season had been an ordinary one. This statement, however, does not apply to potash and phosphates, which are not liable to be washed out, except, perhaps, from very light sandy soil under heavy rainfall.

IRISH AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE PRICES

The following is the Department's return of the average wholesale prices of agricultural produce at certain Irish markets during the week ended 22nd October, 1921, as compared with the previous week. The prices shown are the average wholesale prices paid in the markets mentioned for the particular quality of produce sold there. In some centres the better qualities of produce are purchased by merchants direct from producers without passing through the regular market.

HEN EGGS.—The advance of the season and the chiller nights have reduced egg yields and supplies have in consequence fallen off. In light of a steady demand, prices ruled higher at all markets this past week. At Belfast the previous rate of 31s 8d per 120 for hen eggs advanced to 40s 10d, and at Londonderry from 27s 6d to 30s. Dublin prices hardened from 30s to 33s 9d, and the rise at Enniscorthy was from 25s to 29s 2d. At Cork and Limerick the previous week's rates of 32s 11d and 27s 6d respectively touched a common level of 31s 2d at both centres. Duck eggs were also dearer at all markets. Prices at Belfast rose from 32s 11d to 41s 8d per 120, and at Londonderry from 27s 6d to 30s. The advance at Enniscorthy and Cork was similar to that in hen eggs and similar values were realized for each description. The rise at Limerick was from 30s to 34s 2d.

FARMERS' BUTTER.—There was little change in values during the week. The price of 2s 5d in Londonderry was a drop of 2d per lb on the previous week, and a similar drop to 1s per lb was noted at Enniscorthy. Dublin, Cork and Limerick repeated the previous week's rates of 1s 3d, 11d, and 1s 4d per lb. respectively.

POULTRY.—Chickens at most markets reflected little or no change in values. Dublin and Belfast remained steady at 11s 6d and 11s per pair respectively. Londonderry prices were also unchanged at 5s 8d, but at Enniscorthy prices improved from 7s to 7s 6d, and at Cork from 5s 4d to 5s 8d. Hens in Dublin rose in price from 7s 6d to 9s per pair, but in Belfast were unchanged at 8s 6d. At Londonderry and Cork there was a trifling rise from 5s 2d to 5s 6d and from 3s 4d to 3s 6d respectively. At Enniscorthy prices gave way from 6s 6d to 5s 6d per pair. There was no material alteration in the price for Ducks. At Belfast the price per pair fell from 9s to 8s 8d, and advanced in Londonderry from 5s to 5s 2d. Dublin prices were unchanged at 7s. At Cork prices rose from 3s 4d to 3s 4d per pair, but were unchanged in Limerick at 5s.

POTATOES.—The level of prices for potatoes was much the same as the preceding week. At Belfast prices fell by 1d per cwt. to 3s 5d, and advanced by the same amount to 3s 1d in Londonderry. Dublin, Enniscorthy and Cork were firm at 5s 8d, 4s 8d and 5s 4d respectively. At Limerick prices advanced from 4s 6d to 4s 10d per cwt. The average price per cwt. for Up-to-Date varieties during the week was:—Belfast 3s 2d; Cork 5s 3d; Limerick 4s; Ballymoney 2s 6d, and Athy 3s. These were practically the prices of the previous week at the first four mentioned centres.

PORK.—An upward trend in pork prices was observable at Belfast and Londonderry, whereas prices dropped still further at Dublin, Enniscorthy, Cork and Limerick. Belfast prices improved from 100s per cwt. dead weight to 115s, and Londonderry prices from 98s 6d to 101s. At Dublin prices, however, gave way from 97s 6d to 88s, and at Enniscorthy and Cork from 96s 6d and 96s respectively to a common level of 92s. At Limerick the drop in price was from 95s 6d to 91s per cwt.

POSTERS. — More Posters are printed at **The County Printing Works, Tipperary,** than in any other two Printing Offices in the County. Of course, there are reasons for this—superior workmanship and promt service.

GRAINS OF WISDOM.

Without friendship life is no life.

Men pass to greatness through the portals of humility.

A rich son-in-law is inadequate protection for a man's old age.

Behaviour is a mirror in which each one shows his image.

National injustice is the surest road to national downfall.

Many a man who has nothing to do but mind his own business does not even do that.

If there were but one sort of temptation there would be fewer [illegible].

One cannot laugh every day; one must take things as they are.

[illegible]

In searching [illegible] crowd pick out the [illegible].

[illegible]

With [illegible] if it be taken from [illegible] stick upon blackthorns [illegible] but come to nothing.

The County Printing Works, Davis St., Tipperary,

IS THE

Only Printing Office in the Town

AND *NOW*

the Best-Equipped in the County.

Knowledge For All.

A boot or shoe [illegible] sizes larger than the foot [illegible] according to an orthopaedic specialist.

The [illegible] to guard against [illegible] bad luck, is spreading in [illegible]

German [illegible] equalled 145,000 [illegible]

[illegible]

High h[illegible] to give relief [illegible] strained feet.

Rouge and powder [illegible] to excess, clog up the pores [illegible] and cause much damage.

Bathing [illegible] business with pleasure [illegible] as a fashionable sport.

The natural [illegible] walking is with the toes pointed [illegible] straight ahead, and not turned outwards.

As a result of more open-air sports, British women are [illegible] larger waists.

Surplus nickel [illegible] during the war [illegible] the new "silver" coin.

Of every thousand [illegible] are "double" events.

Married women live about two years longer than single ones.

One-half of the women between fifteen and forty-five are unmarried.

More babies are born in February than in any other month [illegible] has the lowest birth-rate.

On the average, women marry at the age of twenty-five, and men at twenty-seven.

Six hundred and [illegible] persons out of every thousand are unmarried, and [illegible] are widows or widowers.

If the husband dies first, the wife lives, on the average, another eleven years. If the wife dies first the husband lives another nine years.

The bee, in proportion to its size, is thirty-five times as strong as a horse.

The cost of making a Bank of England five-pound note is one halfpenny.

A mosquito has twenty-two teeth, all of which may be seen through a microscope.

A feature of Japanese weddings is the building of a bonfire made of the toys of the bride.

The Chinese usually open a conversation with "How old are you?" instead of "How do you do?"

A bank in Nevada (U.S.A.) has started a five-shilling deposit account for every baby born in the district, with a ten-shilling account for twins.

The telephone was a toy in 1876; the typewriter a crude arrangement in 1874; the electric industry a baby in 1879, when Edison invented the incandescent light; the phonograph was a curiosity in 1890; and moving-pictures a flickering experiment in 1896.

Sound is said to move at the rate of thirteen miles a minute, and, compared to light, it is slower than a snail. If we should hear a clap of thunder half a minute after the flash of lightning, we could calculate that the discharge of electricity was about six and a half miles away.

There are 200,000 lepers in India.

No child is born short-sighted, but the tendency may be inherited.

One ladybird has been observed to dispose of 40 green flies in an hour.

Short-sighted people are said to be the most intelligent section of the community.

We should do [illegible] for others if only to [illegible] what they omit to do [illegible]

Age asks, with [illegible] to be regarded intolerable [illegible] fortune by the beard, [illegible]

[illegible]

MAGNETIC SANDS.

In the district of [illegible] in the south western part of Norway, there is a place called Jaederen, a [illegible] coast less than a mile long, [illegible] for shipwrecks. A Norwegian scientist discovered that the sand of Jaederen is strongly magnetic, owing to an admixture of magnetic iron ore. He found that at a distance of [illegible] from the shore a ship's compass [illegible] a whole degree [illegible]. The cause of the [illegible] therefore, is obvious.

HOSPITALITY OF ANTS.

It is well known that ants harbour a variety of other insects in their nests, particularly Gamasid mites, and from a study of ants in Corsica it has been found that the ants willingly tolerate the presence of the Gamasids, and even protect them. The mites are found to ride away on the backs of the ants when the nest is disturbed, and sometimes the ants carry off the mites and their young just as they do their own. It is thought that the mites repay the ants for their hospitality by removing the bodies of their dead, which they devour.

TO MEASURE A RIVER.

Anybody can measure, approximately, the breadth of a river without a surveyor's compass or any mechanical means whatever. The man who desires to make the experiment should place himself at the edge of the stream, then stand perfectly still, face the opposite bank, and lower the brim of his hat until it just cuts the opposite bank. Then let him put both his hands under his chin, to steady his head, and turn slowly round until the hat brim cuts some point on the level ground behind him. Mark the spot where the hat brim cuts the ground, then pace off the distance, and it will be found about the breadth of the river.

Keep your heart up and you will do it.

Reliability is better than brilliancy. Faithfulness and dependableness make better workers, and accomplish more in the long run, than do showy talents.

Politics without religion lack foundation: but religion without politics lacks quite half its content. Christianity is the leaven, but so also is politics the lump.

See how the ringing ripples spread
Wider and wider evermore:
God knows what word at random said,
Shall touch, at last, the eternal shore.
—Canon F. Langbridge.

FINDING OPPORTUNITY.

If you faithfully trudge the path of daily duty, you will sometime find Opportunity walking beside you.

It is rather in our moments of prosperity than in a time of sorrow that we need to set a guard over ourselves. Characters that resist hardship are often known to collapse under success. For nations as for individuals this is a salutary thought—God tests us by the good things as well as, or more than, by the bad things He sends us. —Berkeley.

The man whose business makes him dishonest is in a very poor business.

LIGHTHOUSE DANGERS.

That ocean waves run "mountain high," as one [illegible] he was very [illegible] is a highly exaggerated [illegible]. But the observations of [illegible] lighthouses in exposed [illegible] that waves run [illegible] make very [illegible] ago the [illegible] to the lighthouse on [illegible] the coast of [illegible] a landing and [illegible] communication with [illegible] a series of storms [illegible] covering a period [illegible] had torn away [illegible] on the rock, which were [illegible] however, the [illegible] The waves rose [illegible] against the lantern [illegible] level of the [illegible] over the top [illegible] through the [illegible] to work [illegible] the lamp [illegible] fear that [illegible] seaward [illegible] of the [illegible] should be [illegible] death. [illegible] the winter [illegible] sailors, [illegible] shipboard [illegible] struggle [illegible] the lighthouse to take [illegible] on previous [illegible] completely by [illegible] happened to the [illegible] the coast of England, [illegible] off [illegible] both of which are about [illegible]

AUSTRALIAN MINERS' DEMANDS.

The Australian coal miners are demanding a six-hour day [illegible] bank to bank, a five-day week, the abolition of the contract system, a minimum wage of [illegible] per week, and an effective voice in the [illegible] control of the industry.

CANTEEN BOARD'S NEW TITLE.

From January 1st next year the title of the Navy and Army Canteen Board organisation will be changed to Navy, Army, and Air Force Institutes.

"CA' CANNY" LOSES CONTRACT.

The "ca' canny" attitude of the British workman [illegible] the Duke of Atholl on Saturday, was a [illegible] enemy of production [illegible] He [illegible] a contract for [illegible] in this country at [illegible] to Germany at a contract [illegible] quality and delivery [illegible]

COAL STOCKS SHORT.

Coal merchants in Great Britain have been [illegible] asked by their Federation to give [illegible] consumers every facility for obtaining [illegible] in view of the severe weather, and the fact that wharf stocks are below normal. It is pointed out that hospital and household requirements should have preference over industry.

SMUGGLING OF DOGS.

Recent outbreaks of rabies in England are directly attributable to the smuggling of dogs into this country by Service men, says the Admiralty. Commanding officers of ships arriving in this country from abroad are now ordered to take steps to ensure that no dogs on board remain undetected.

NEWSPAPERS' CHRISTMAS.

No morning, evening, or Sunday newspapers will be published on Christmas Day (Saturday, December 25th), Sunday (December 26th), or Boxing Day (Monday, December 27th). This decision will give three clear days' holiday at Christmas to all concerned in the production and distribution of newspapers.

SHEEP AS WEDDING GIFT.

A wedding present received by the Hon. C. W. Sholto Douglas and Miss Fox Pitt, who were married on Saturday, was a flock of 350 sheep from the Earl of Morton, the bridegroom's father.

THREE-HALFPENCE THAT COST £12.

For failing to pay the proper amount of taxes on seven tickets of admission, the amount being three-halfpence, the hon. secretary of a local football club was fined £12 at Sedgley, Staffs.

WEST-END COCAINE TRAFFIC.

For selling cocaine to women in the street in the West End, Jack Nynan was sent to prison for two months by the Bow-street magistrate.

DOUBLE-FIRE TRAGEDY.

Two single ladies of about seventy, sisters, were found by firemen in a house in Springfield-road, Brighton, on Monday, burnt to death. It is supposed that the cause of the fire was the upsetting of a paraffin lamp. One of the sisters was partially crippled, and the other was an invalid.

A SURPRISE HOMECOMING.

During the height of a snowstorm on Monday—the worst that has been experienced in Jersey for twenty years—Colonel F. H. Voisin, A.D.C. to the King, returned home with his family. To their astonishment they found that the residence had been gutted by a fire.

THE DANCE SEASON. — Orders for Dance Programmes, Admission, Supper, and Cloakroom Tickets promptly executed at **The County Printing Works,** Davis Street, Tipperary.

SPORTS, FOOTBALL, HURLING —Posters, Admission Tickets (in roll, or otherwise), Badges, etc., promptly from **The County Printing Works,** Davis Street, Tipperary.

N. Maher & Sons' Sales

Saturday, 29th October—At Tipperary, leading licensed premises and grocery establishment, situate at 93 Henry street, Tipperary, and held at the yearly rent of £37. For Mrs. Mary Hayes. Nicholas F. Maher, solicitor, Tipperary. Sale at 12 o'clock.

Thursday, 3rd November—At Clonard (Dunkerron), the grazing of the Lawn Field. For Dr. McCormack. Sale at 4 o'clock.

Same Day—At Cloghaleigh, 2 acres of Aberdeen turnips (in drills). For Mrs. Blake. Sale at 3.30 o'clock.

Tuesday, 8th November—At Tipperary, Ballymacady residential holding. For Mr. Thos. S. O'Dwyer. See below.

Thursday, 10th November—At Cashel, attractive residence, known as St. Francis Abbey, with lock-up yard, garden, and offices attached, held by lease at the yearly rent of £7. Also four tenement houses, situate at Bohermore, held at the yearly rent of £5. For Mr. John Dwyer. Nicholas F. Maher, solicitor, Cashel. Sale at 12 o'clock.

Same Day—At Spafield, 100 trees, comprising ash, elm, and beech. For James Paul Phelan, Esq. Sale at 2.30.

Saturday, 3rd December—At Tipperary, choice residential holding, known as Templemore Glebe House, on the suburbs of Tipperary Town, standing on 18 acres, statute measure, or thereabouts, of the primest pasture land, and held free of rent for ever. The residence, which is approached by front and back drives, contains 3 reception rooms, 7 family bedrooms, bathroom, kitchen, and pantry, with h. and c. water laid on, all in a thorough state of repair, having recently been renovated regardless of expense. The out-offices, in lock-up yard, comprise stabling for six horses, coach-house and garage, men's rooms, etc., and the farm buildings consist of shed to tie 20 cows, together with necessary out-offices, hay barn, etc. For executors of the late John Ryan, Esq. Full particulars future issue. John O'Dwyer, LL.B., solicitor, Tipperary.

By Private Treaty 15 acres of rich aftergrass, with water thereon. For Michael F. Ryan, Esq., Bohermore Cottage.

By Private Treaty At Ballyhurst, 5 acres of aftergrass and 7 acres spare grass, for Mr. Maurice D'Alton.

By Private Treaty- Near Cullen, 10 acres forward aftergrass.

N. MAHER & SONS, Auctioneers.
Offices: Cashel, Thurles, & Tipperary.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT AUCTION OF ATTRACTIVE RESIDENTIAL HOLDING.

N. MAHER & SONS are instructed by Mr. Thomas S. O'Dwyer, to Sell by Public Auction,

AT TIPPERARY,

On TUESDAY, 8th NOV., 1921,

The Interest in his Holding, situate at

BALLYMACADY (NEAR BANSHA),

Containing 34a. 0r. 8p., statute measure, or thereabouts, with attractive Slated Residence and Out-offices thereon, held from the Irish Land Commission at the half-yearly instalment of £13 2s. 4d.

DESCRIPTIVE PARTICULARS.

The Lands are all in ancient pasture, of a deep, rich, fertile soil, equally well adapted for dairying, feeding, and tillage purposes, suitably divided, well fenced and sheltered, and watered by a never-failing river which flows through the holding. They are remarkable in the district for their prime feeding properties, and bear a high reputation for tillage results.

The Residence is a two-storeyed slated structure, containing sitting-room, three bedrooms, and kitchen, and the out-offices are up to the requirements of the property.

The Auctioneers beg to draw the attention of those in quest of a comfortable homestead and being the sale of this well-circumstanced roadside holding, which is situated within one mile of Bansha and three miles of Tipperary Town, hence well served for Fairs and Markets, Churches, Creameries, Post and Telegraph Offices, and Schools.

Terms: A deposit of one-fourth the purchase money, with 5 per cent. commission, will be required on purchaser being declared.

SALE AT ONE O'CLOCK.

For further particulars apply to
NICHOLAS F. MAHER, Solicitor, Tipperary; or to
N. MAHER & SONS, Auctioneers.
Offices: Cashel, Thurles, & Tipperary.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE OF SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY.

ATTRACTIVE RESIDENTIAL HOLDING,

Containing 355a. 2r. 35p., subject to an annuity of £45 8s. 6d., of part of the Lands of Ballymore, with the Residence thereon known as Ballymore Cottage. For Michael Dwyer, Esq.

Private bids will be taken up to November 7th.

For further particulars apply to
NICHOLAS F. MAHER, Solicitor, Tipperary; or to
N. MAHER & SONS, Auctioneers, Ballymore House, Gould's Cross.

Sales by Denis Kelly.

Wednesday, 26th November—At Fair Green, Cappamore, 20 very choice in-calf heifers. For John Stoke, Esq. Sale at 10 o'clock.

DENIS KELLY, Auctioneer and Cattle Salesman.
Tipperary.

GREENANE HORSE AND PONY RACES,

OVER THE FAMOUS "DAISY PARK" COURSE,

WILL BE HELD ON

NOVEMBER 16th, 1921.

Full Particulars Later.

JAS. CORBY & W. O'ROURKE,
Hon. Secretaries.

LOURDES AND HEDNESFORD.

THREE DOUBLE NOVENAS OF MASSES AND PRAYERS FOR THE DEAD.

FINAL NOTICE.

Dear Lovers of Our Lady of Lourdes,—

The month dedicated to the relief of the Holy Souls in Purgatory—November—is again at hand, and again our hearts will be raised to God in fervent prayer of supplication for our beloved dead. In union with this spirit of piety, THREE DOUBLE NOVENAS OF MASSES AND PRAYERS WILL BE OFFERED CONJOINTLY AT LOURDES AND HEDNESFORD:—

1. For the deceased benefactors and the departed relations and friends of those who help me to build Our Lady's New Church.
2. For the souls of the poor whose relatives have no alms to offer.
3. For those who have lost their lives in the recent struggle for freedom, and for all our heroic dead.
4. For the forgotten dead and those who have left behind them no relatives or friends to pray for them.

THE FIRST DOUBLE NOVENA WILL BEGIN ON ALL SOULS' DAY, Wednesday, November 2nd, and end on Thursday, November 10th.

THE SECOND DOUBLE NOVENA WILL BEGIN ON FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 11th, ending on Saturday, November 19th.

THE THIRD DOUBLE NOVENA WILL BEGIN ON SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 20th, and end on Monday, November 28th. The well-known beautiful pictures, Novena Prayers, and Lourdes Medals will be sent to all who join in the Novenas.

OUR HOLY FATHER POPE BENEDICT XV. GRACIOUSLY IMPARTS THE APOSTOLIC BENEDICTION TO ALL BENEFACTORS.

Send the names of your dead, and your alms for Our Lady's New Church, to:—

Yours devotedly in Christ,
(Rev.) JOSEPH PATRICK HEALY,
Hednesford, Staffordshire.

TIPPERARY No. 1 RURAL DISTRICT.

PUBLIC HEALTH (IRELAND) ACTS

PUBLIC LIGHTING OF CAPPAWHITE VILLAGE.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

THE Council for the above-named district will, at their Meeting to be held on 12th NOVEMBER, 1921, at 12.30 o'clock, p.m., take into consideration Tenders from competent persons for the Lighting and Extinguishing of the several Lamps provided by the Council for the Village of Cappawhite during the period ending 31st March, 1922, and keeping the several Lamps and Lamp-posts in good and proper repair for same period, to the satisfaction of the Council's Engineer, on whose certificate payment will only be made.

The Council will provide the necessary materials for the Lighting of the Lamps.

Tenders to be lodged with the undersigned not later than Two o'clock, p.m., on Friday, 11th November, 1921, giving the names of Two Solvent Sureties willing to enter into a Bond for the due performance of the Contract in such sum as may be required.

The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

By order,
J. GUBBINS, Clerk of Council.
Temporary Offices: 61 Main Street,
Tipperary, 22nd October, 1921.

TIPPERARY No. 1 RURAL DISTRICT.

PUBLIC HEALTH (IRELAND) ACTS

PUBLIC LIGHTING OF BANSHA VILLAGE.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

THE Council for the above-named district will, at their Meeting to be held on 12th NOVEMBER, 1921, at 12.30 o'clock, p.m., take into consideration Tenders from competent persons for the Lighting and Extinguishing of the several Lamps provided by the Council for the Village of Bansha during the period ending 31st March, 1922, and keeping the several Lamps and Lamp-posts in good and proper repair for same period, to the satisfaction of the Council's Engineer, on whose certificate payment will only be made.

The Council will provide the necessary materials for the Lighting of the Lamps.

Tenders to be lodged with the undersigned not later than Two o'clock, p.m., on Friday, 11th November, 1921, giving the names of Two Solvent Sureties willing to enter into a Bond for the due performance of the Contract in such sum as may be required.

The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

By order,
J. GUBBINS, Clerk of Council.
Temporary Offices: 61 Main Street,
Tipperary, 22nd October, 1921.

TIPPERARY No. 2 RURAL DISTRICT.

ENGINEER REQUIRED.

THE Council for above-named District will, at their Meeting to be held on SATURDAY, 12th NOVEMBER, 1921, immediately after conclusion of meeting of Board of Guardians, be prepared to consider applications from competent persons for the position of Engineer at a salary of £152 per annum, for which sum the candidate who may be elected must discharge all duties which will be required of him (exclusive of duties in respect of schemes under the Labourers (Ireland) Acts).

The duties appertaining to the Office can be ascertained on application at the Office of the Clerk of the Council.

Applications, with copies of Testimonials (which must be of recent date), addressed to the Presiding Chairman, will be received up to the hour of Two o'clock p.m. on Friday, 11th November, 1921.

Intending candidates must satisfy the Council that they are in all respects eligible for the position, and must be between the ages of 24 and 50 years.

The Council will reserve to themselves the right of not proceeding with the appointment if this course should be considered desirable.

By order,
J. GUBBINS, Clerk of Council.
Temp. Offices: 61 Main St., Tipperary.
8th October, 1921.

SILVERMINES RACES

Will Be Run Over the Famous Stangs Course on

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 2nd.

SIX EVENTS. LARGE ENTRIES.
VALUABLE PRIZE MONEY.

Entries Close on Monday, October 31st.

DENIS RYAN & Wm. QUINN, Hon. Secs.,
Silvermines, Nenagh.

NOTICE OF RATES HAVING BEEN MADE.

COUNTY OF TIPPERARY, S.R.

URBAN DISTRICT OF TIPPERARY.

NOTICE is hereby given that Rates have been duly made on the property rateable thereto in the above-named Urban District for the service of the year ending 31st March, 1922, as follows:—

POOR RATE.

	In the £. s. d.
In respect of County Charges	2 2
In respect of Union Charges	2 10
Total on "Other Hereditaments" ...	5 0
Deducted in respect of Agricultural Grant	1 9
On "Agricultural Land"	3 3

TOWN RATES.

	In the £. s. d.
Under Towns Improvement Act, 1854	1 0
Under Public Health Acts	6 0
Under Local G. Act (Roads) ...	4 0
Total	11 0

NOTE.—For Town Rate purposes "Agricultural Land" and "Railway" Valuations are assessed only to one-fourth their net annual Value.

The Rate Book is now in my custody, and may be inspected by any person affected thereby at the Council Offices on any day between the hours of 10 a.m. and 12 o'clock noon (exclusive of Sundays and Bank Holidays), and the said Rates will be payable from and after the publication of this notice.

T. DAWSON, Town Clerk.
3rd October, 1921.

CAHIR HORSE AND PONY RACES,

Over a Well-Laid-Out Course,

Within a Quarter of a Mile of Town, on

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1921.

Treasurers: Messrs. J. F. Burke & A. Costigan
Stakeholder: Munster & Leinster Bank.
Judge: Mr. James Buckley.
Clerks of Scales & Course: Messrs. J. F. Burke and Denis Walsh.
Starter: Mr. J. Looby.

First Race—2.0 p.m.

The SUIR PLATE, value 8 sovs, out of which second receives 2 sovs. A Flat Race for Ponies 13 hands and under. Distance, 1½ miles. Catch weights. Entrance fee, 10s.

Second Race—2.30 p.m.

The CAHIR NOVEMBER HANDICAP value 20 sovs, out of which second receives 3 sovs. An Open Handicap Flat Race for Horses. Distance, 2½ miles. Lowest weight, 10st 7lb. Entrance fee, 15s.

Third Race—3.0 p.m.

The GALTEE PLATE, value 10 sovs, second to receive 2 sovs out of stake. A Flat Race for Ponies 14.3 and under. Weight, 9st., and 7lb. allowed for every inch under. Distance, 2 miles. Entrance fee, 10s.

Fourth Race—3.30 p.m.

The CAHIR PLATE, value 10 sovs, of which second receives 2 sovs. A Two-mile Flat Race. Weight, 10st. Horses to be the bona fide property of Residents in Cahir parish before 1st October. Working horses.

Fifth Race—4.0 p.m.

The LISAVA PLATE, value 10 sovs, of which second receives 2 sovs. A Flat Race for Ponies 13.3 and under. Distance, 2 miles. Catch weights. Entrance fee, 10s.

Free Stabling for Horses staying overnight

ADMISSION - - ONE SHILLING.
CARS, 2/6. MOTORS, 5/-

Entries Close 30th October, 1921.
Entries received by
GUSS O'DWYER & PERCY BUTLER,
Hon. Secs., Castle St., Cahir.

MIXED FARMING.

The Standard Text Book on Irish Agriculture. 500 Pages, Thoroughly Practical, Seventy Illustrations. Price 21/- Post Free.
Published by the Author—
J. HANLY, A.R.C.Sc.I.,
1 SPRINGFIELD TERRACE, DOLPHIN'S BARN, DUBLIN.

KILFINANE RACES.

All Entries Will Close with William O'Keeffe, Hon. Sec., on Oct. 25th,

FOR

The GALTEE PLATE, £12, for 15 hands and under.
The MODERATE PLATE, £8, for 14 hands and under.
The VISITORS' PLATE, £6, for 13 hands and under.
The CONSOLATION PLATE, £6.
The DRAG HUNT, Stake value £5.

FOUND, at Ballykisteen, on 27th October, a PARCEL. Owner can have same on identifying it and paying cost of advertisement.—Write Box 1114, "Tipperaryman" Office.

MORTUARY CARDS

Tastefully and Promptly Printed.

Many Styles of Cards to Select from.

Enquiries personally or by post respectfully invited.

THE COUNTY PRINTING WORKS,
DAVIS STREET,
TIPPERARY.

A DANCE

IN AID OF THE CHRISTIAN BROTHERS' SCHOOLS, TIPPERARY,

Will be Held in the Newly-Renovated Town Hall on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 15th, 1921.

CLARKE BARRY'S BAND No. 1
(Personally conducted).

COMMITTEE:
John Kelly, Bryan O'Donnell, Richard O'Brien, Richard Healy, Daniel Kelly, G. Coman, P. J. Hennessy, T. Roche, T. F. Morrissey, M. Ruhilly, J. Kissane, J. F. Butler, and E. M. McElligot.

CATERING will be in the hands of a capable Committee of Ladies, who will leave nothing to be desired.

Gent.'s—20/-. Ladies'—15/-.

DANCING, 10.30 P.M.

Early Booking is recommended, and in order to prevent overcrowding applications for tickets will be dealt with in strict rotation until the required number is reached.

P. J. GODFREY & M. J. KIRBY,
Hon. Secretaries.
Commercial Club. 1108

Templebraden RACES.

Tuesday, 1st Nov. '21.

5 STAKES.
LARGE ENTRIES.
GOOD SPORT CERTAIN.

WANTED at Once—Assistant for the Grocery and Provision Trade.—Apply, with copies of references and salary required, to Secretary, Arravale Co-operative Stores, O'Brien street, on or before October 26th.

PREPAID ADVERTISEMENTS.

Rate, ½d. a word per insertion; minimum, 1/- per insertion. Office box-number counts as 4 words. Postage must be included in remittance where replies are to be sent by post.

LOST, in St. Michael's street, on Sunday, 9th October, 1921, Gold Wristlet Watch. Finder will be rewarded if returned to Joseph Wyse, Tipperary.

FOR SALE, Draracq 2-Seater, with double dickey; in excellent condition; good tyres (2 new); recently overhauled; fast and reliable; all accessories, lamps, etc.—Apply Gasworks, Tipperary.

I.S.M. FOR TIPPERARY POSTMEN.

Messrs. Thomas Maher, Cashel, and Michael Carroll, Cappawhite, postmen recently superannuated, have been presented by the postmaster, Tipperary, with the Imperial Service Medal, awarded by the King for long and faithful service, the former having forty-one years' service and the latter forty-eight years.

CAPPAMORE VOLUNTEER'S REMAINS DISINTERRED.

The remains of John Ryan, of Cappamore, D Co., 2nd batn. Mid-Limerick brigade, killed while on I.R.A. duty, were disinterred at Ballinure graveyard, near Murroe village, and brought to Cappamore church, where High Mass was celebrated on Friday. Interment took place afterwards at Doon.

TIPPERARY LIVE-WEIGHT PIG MARKET.

There was a small supply offered on Thursday at £3 7s. per cwt., sixpence less than the previous week.

Friday's Telegrams.

THE CONFERENCE.

NO DEVELOPMENTS TILL MONDAY.

The Cabinet met to-day (Friday) at the House of Commons, the Prime Minister presiding.

The Press Association says it can be stated with confidence that there will be no developments of any kind in the Irish situation before Monday's debate.

Our Dublin correspondent wires:—

After their meeting with Mr. Lloyd George and Lord Birkenhead last evening, Mr. Arthur Griffiths and Mr. Michael Collins were informed that there would be no further conference before Monday. This is accepted as an indication that the Prime Minister is not desirous of meeting the Sinn Fein representatives before he can go into the conference knowing he has the full support of Parliament. It is stated that Mr. Lloyd George has every hope of being able to leave for the Washington Conference on Friday next, a fact not without significance.

The Sinn Fein Ard Fheis was again private to-day.

IRISH ORGANISER CHARGED AT CARDIFF.

At Cardiff to-day (Friday), Joseph Patrick Connolly, organiser of the South Wales branches of the Irish Self-Determination League, was charged on remand with unlawfully hoarding revolvers and explosives to the danger of life and property in the United Kingdom, and with being concerned with David Humphrey Evans and Kitty Evans (committed for trial at Merthyr) in contravening the Explosives Substances Act (1883).

MUNITIONS BONUS TO BE WITHDRAWN.

The Press Association learns on good authority that as a result of the ballot of the engineers and shipbuilding trades there will be no dispute over the employers' proposal to withdraw the Ministry of Munitions bonus, in three stages, on November 1st, December 1st, and January 1st.

ONLY TWO SURVIVORS.

A Lloyds Mahon message says the steamer Terre del Oro, of Barcelona, 820 tons, has been wrecked and totally lost during a hurricane off the north coats of Minorca, all the crew, except two, being lost.

THE PERIL OF THE ROAD.

Mrs. Bransby Williams, wife of Mr. Bransby Williams, character impersonator, and her daughter and two friends, were injured in a motor-car accident at Petworth yesterday, and are detained in hospital.

The car collided with a sow on the road, and, turning a somersault, was smashed. The sow was killed.

Frederick J. Harrison, of Weybridge, butcher, has succumbed to injuries received in a motor-cycle accident.

RACING.

NEWMARKET MEETING.

The Houghton Stakes — SELENE (4/6), †; **FODDER** (4/1), †; Bucks Hussar (5/1), 3. Also ran—Paulinus and Heliope.

Queensberry Handicap—GRANARD (5/2), 1; Vencedor (11/10), 2; Contract (8/1), 3. Also ran—Twickenham and Hoo.

Criterion Nursery — ESK WATER (3/1), 1; Redcot (100/7), 2; Fallen Star (7/1), 3. Also ran—Lofox, Dark Fox, Moyode, Perfectus, Louvain, Machinka, Chaparral, Fair Nun filly, Baton Rouge, Le Gamin, and Berola.

Durham Stakes — PETREA (4/1), 1; Northern Light (4/1), 2; Sorrel (8/1), 3. Also ran—Redhead, Napolyon, Earna, and Roman Fiddle.

A Free H'cap — COMBINATION C (5/1), 1; Pondoland (2/1), 2; Stinge (100/8), 3. Also ran—Radiant River, Cruiser Arc, Irish Cousin, Merripit, and Via filly.

The Final Plate — JILTED (7/4), 1; Corporal (4/7), 2; Master Rufus Rufus (33/1), 3. Calliban also ran.

WORCESTER MEETING.

Hindlip Maiden T.Y.O. — BABELINA (9/4), 1; Galante filly (100/8), 2; Blaesun (2/1), 3. Also ran—Santabel, Sampan colt, Serio Comic, Amber Head, Crockery, and Green Tea.

All-Aged Selling — HUSKY (5/6), 1; Cotswold (3/1), 2; Rest (10/1), 3. Also ran—X Ray, Ballinacarrig, Uncanny colt, and Singing Water.

Deerhurst Selling — SILVER THISTLE (6/1), 1; White Friar (20/1), 2; Buneranna (10/1), 3. Also ran—Barnaby Rudge, Katie Dear, Dropper, Didymus, Marveldt, Simon's Geisha, Cognosco, Little Angus, Bricket, Master Boon, Bliss, and Battle of Flowers.

City Welter —PEACE DECLARED (100/14), 1; Golden Goddess (100/6), 2; Ardscull (4/1), 3. Also ran—Glenfarg, Hark Forrard, Palm Sunday, Llangarren, Mentality, Wanton, Just for Luck, Petty Cury, Chace the Ace, Pennant, Tom's Lass, Landowner.

Kempsey Maiden — POLTIMORE (100/8), 1; Black Magic (2/1), 2; Water God (7/4), 3. Also ran—Nonchalante, Yvonne, Red Heart, Architrave, Marcel, Una, and Prince Cadmus.

Croome Plate — DOLA (1/6), 1; Sea Voyage (10/1), 2; Jollity (100/8), 3. Final Fling also ran.

COURSING.

CLONMEL AND KILSHEELAN MEETING.

GIP'S PRIDE WINS THE CUP.

The Clonmel and Kilsheelan meeting concluded to-day. Details:—

THE PLATE.
Second Round.
Glorious Event beat Fair Fairna
Welcome Back, a bye; Grandee II., drawn
Very Friendly beat Trappist
Gambling Johnnie, a bye
Third Round.
Glorious Event beat Welcome Back
Very Friendly beat Gambling Johnnie
Stakes divided.

THE PURSE.
Third Round.
Victorious Shaun beat Wilful Ally
Sporting Bill beat Time Will Tell
Glentanner beat Dear Sir
Kilnamock, a bye; Deliverer, drawn
Fourth Round.
Sporting Bill beat Glentanner

THE CUP.
Fifth Round.
Gip's Pride beat Kilcrea
Darrigle beat Fra Diavolo
Final.
Gip's Pride beat Darrigle

TIPPERARY RAILWAY SHED BROKEN INTO.

On Wednesday night a shed at Tipperary railway station was broken into and crowbars, pickaxes, shovels, etc., taken away.

For **Stationery** and **Office Supplies** try **The County Printing Works,** Tipperary.

Small Jobs and **Large Jobs** are alike given intelligent care at **The County Printing Works,** Tipperary.

For **Stationery** and **Office Supplies** try **The County Printing Works,** Tipperary.

Irish-made **Ledgers, Day Books, Cash Books** at **The County Printing Works,** Davis Street, Tipperary.

SCHOOL STATIONERY in variety at the County Printing Works, Davis Street, Tipperary.

SCHOOL STATIONERY in variety at the County Printing Works, Davis Street, Tipperary.

FOR CREAMERIES. — Suppliers' Cards, Memos and Account Forms Address Labels, Advice Notes, Auditors' Reports, etc., etc. Best value and promptest service at **The County Printing Works,** Davis Street, Tipperary. Prices reduced in sympathy with fall in cost of material.

POSTERS. — More Posters are printed at **The County Printing Works, Tipperary,** than in any other two Printing Offices in the County. Of course, there are reasons for this—superior workmanship and promt service.

FOR CREAMERIES. — Suppliers' Cards, Memos and Account Forms, Address Labels, Advice Notes, Auditors' Reports, etc., etc. Best value and promptest service at **The County Printing Works,** Davis Street, Tipperary. Prices reduced in sympathy with fall in cost of material.

TIPPERARY PETTY SESSIONS.

LICENSING PROSECUTIONS.

A TREE-TRIMMING SEQUEL.

At Tipperary Petty Sessions on Thursday the magistrates present were Major Pomeroy Colley, R.M. (presiding) and Mr. J. H. Mercer, R.M.

Railway Prosecution.

The G.S. and W. Railway Company charged John Maher, Glenbane, Emly, with travelling on the railway without a ticket.

Mr. J. O'Dwyer, solicitor, appeared for the prosecution.

A signalman named James Lynam stated that he saw the defendant travelling on the train from Kingsbridge to Cork on June 1st. When the train arrived at Emly he found the defendant at the back of the station. He had a return ticket from Clonmel to Limerick Junction which was out of date.

Defendant, who did not appear, was fined £1, and £1 costs.

Licensing Case Adjourned.

Patrick Ryan, licensed publican, James street, Tipperary, was charged with a breach of the Licensing Act on October 17th.

Mr. N. F. Maher, solicitor, who appeared for the defendant, said the summons had been only served the other day, and prior to that he had arranged to be away from home on very important business. He (Mr. Maher) therefore applied for an adjournment to next sessions.

The Court granted the application.

Licensing Prosecutions.

Head Constable Nolan charged Martin Ryan, publican, Main street, Tipperary, with breaches of the Licensing Act on three different dates.

A number of men were charged with being found on the premises on each of the three occasions, but none of them appeared in court.

Mr. J. F. D'Arcy, solicitor, said the case had been adjourned from a previous court owing to the illness of Mr. Ryan's wife. Mrs. Ryan was still ill, and he handed to the Court a medical certificate to that effect. As she was a necessary witness in one of the cases, he asked for a further adjournment.

Head Constable Nolan objected to any further adjournment, and the Court decided to go on with the cases, Major Colley remarking that the magistrate, in dealing with it, would make due allowance for Mrs. Ryan's absence.

In the first charge, of selling after hours, Sergt. Reddington gave evidence that on the night of September 6th he was accompanied by two constables when, about 10.35, he heard the noise of the rattling of glasses and cork-pulling on the premises of the defendant. He knocked, and got admittance, and found a number of men, all belonging to the town, in the bar drinking whiskey, beer, and porter. He asked the publican to account for their presence at that hour, and the publican said he would do so when he came to court.

To Mr. D'Arcy—The door was opened for witness immediately he knocked.

In the second case the defendant was charged with a similar offence on Saturday night, September 10th.

Sergt. Reddington stated that, accompanied by two constables, he was passing the defendant's door when, about 9.45, he heard the noise of glasses clinking and cork-drawing inside. On knocking and gaining admittance he found several men from the town in the bar drinking. Asked to account for their presence, Mr. Ryan said, as he had said on a former occasion, that he would do so when he appeared in court. Mr. Ryan had a six-days' licence, and his closing hour on a Saturday night was nine o'clock.

Cross-examined by Mr. D'Arcy, witness said he was sure his watch was right on the occasion, as he had compared it with the post-office clock.

When you were coming out of the premises did a soldier come in?—A soldier was admitted by Mr. Ryan as I was going out. I took the soldier's name. He didn't have a drink on the premises, but walked out.

For the defence, Mr. Ryan, examined by Mr. D'Arcy, said that when the police called it was 9.45 by the clock, which was twenty minutes fast.

You heard the evidence of the sergeant with regard to the soldier?—Yes; I have a clear remembrance of what happened.

Did the soldier come in after the sergeant went out?—He did.

Did he have a drink?—He did.

Why did you serve the soldier after the ordinary hours of closing?

Mr. Mercer, R.M.—The soldier is not before us at all.

Mr. D'Arcy—It may be a determining factor in the case.

The defendant said that when the police were inside taking the names a knock came to the door and he opened it. Witness went to the door and opened it, and the soldier said he was an officer's servant. I told him he could not come in, said witness, but he said he was entitled to come in until half-past ten. During the time the military were in control of the town the military police told us we were to serve the military till half-past ten. This soldier stayed inside and had a drink, and he took his name and number.

Mr. Mercer—You are not entitled to serve a soldier any more than a civilian after closing hours. There is no special law in this matter for soldiers or anybody else.

Witness—What was I to do when the military police made me keep the premises open till eleven o'clock, as they did on several occasions?

Mr. D'Arcy—Things were very much upset in the town last winter, and the military police were in charge, and the ordinary law didn't seem to run at all.

Defendant—I am only just showing how we were misled.

The third charge, of selling after hours, and refusing to admit the police, was then heard.

Sergt. Reddington stated that while on plain clothes duty, in company with Constables Kelly and Shearin, on the night of September 18th, hearing the noise of cork-drawing, etc., inside the defendant's premises at 11.30, they stopped, and witness listened at the door for half a minute, when he heard a further noise of cork-drawing. He knocked, and was delayed about ten minutes, after which Mrs. Ryan came to the door and admitted them, asking what they wanted coming into the house at that hour. Witness said they came to search the premises. On going upstairs witness found three men sitting in a small room drinking. Witness asked Mrs. Ryan, who was with them, to account for their presence, and Mr. Ryan said they were his guests. Witness added that in the bar everything had been taken off the counter.

Head Constable Nolan—Did a person come to the door after you knocked?—A person came towards the door and walked back again. I don't know whether it was Mr. or Mrs. Ryan, or who it was. Then I heard the sound of footsteps and the carrying of glasses and bottles upstairs. I was delayed for about ten minutes, until the place was cleared.

Cross-examined by Mr. D'Arcy—When you knocked first you were under the impression that there was somebody in the bar?—Yes.

You were also under the impression that somebody came to the door shortly after you knocked. Did that person address you?—No.

After knocking you heard the rattle of bottles and glasses and cork-drawing?—I did.

I put it to you that whoever was in the bar had just time to finish drawing the corks and to go upstairs and give the drinks to the parties there?—No; it is my firm belief that the people whom I met in the little room upstairs were in the bar when I first knocked.

You admit at the same time that even after you knocked the drawing of corks continued in the bar?—Yes.

Would it be a likely thing that whoever was in the bar would deliberately go on making a noise which must attract your attention if that person wanted to avoid breaking the law?—They might not know who was there at the time.

Major Colley—Did you state who you were?—Nobody asked me who I was, but somebody came to the door and ran back into the bar.

Was there any evidence in the bar of the place having been recently cleared up?—Yes; the counter was wet, as if it had been only just wiped over with a cloth.

Constable Kelly stated that when he and Sergt. Reddington were at the door they took note of the time they were delayed by consulting their watches. When Mrs. Ryan opened the door both of them looked at their watches together. They were kept exactly ten minutes.

Constable Shearin stated that he heard somebody come to the door and the sound of corks being drawn. He went round to the back and stayed in the lane for fear anybody would get out that way. After he went there Sergt. Reddington continued knocking very loudly for fully ten minutes, and Mr. Ryan should have heard him.

For the defence, Mr. Ryan, examined by Mr. D'Arcy, said he was at the "pictures" in the Town Hall on that night, which was a Sunday night, along with three friends. They left the Town Hall at about half-past ten, and he asked them to come with him to his place as his guests and have a drink. They came with him and went straight upstairs. They had two drinks, for which none of them paid. Witness supplied the first drink and Mrs. Ryan the second. Witness had a drink with them himself. Witness heard no knocking, but when Mrs. Ryan came up she said there was somebody at the door. He told her to go down immediately and open it.

How long would that be after the first knocking?—A couple of minutes.

Would it be long enough for her to finish whatever she was doing in the bar and to come up to you?—Yes.

In your opinion was there any undue delay in admitting the police?—There was no undue delay in my opinion. Witness here repeated his statement made in the previous case as to the military compelling publicans to remain open.

Mr. D'Arcy—During the "terror" in Tipperary the publicans closed their premises from half-past five to seven o'clock for the remainder of the night.

Head Constable Nolan (cross-examining witness)—Why didn't you bring your three friends here to-day to give evidence on your behalf?—I told them I was looking for an adjournment.

Major Colley—Would they have come?—They would, of course.

Mr. D'Arcy said he was in the unfortunate position of being without an important witness in the case, Mrs. Ryan, who was unable to attend. As to the absence of the men who were found on the premises, it was common knowledge that some people, no matter what they were charged with, would not recognise that Court. He had advised Mr. Ryan to bring these men there as witnesses, and he (Mr. D'Arcy) could not help their not being present. His instructions were that they would corroborate Mr. Ryan. In the first two cases Mr. Ryan admitted the charges, but in the third case he (Mr. D'Arcy) respectfully submited there should be a dismiss. The sergeant undoubtedly knocked loudly enough at the door to be heard, but after knocking he still heard the sound of the drawing of corks in the bar. If the defendant thought he was committing a breach of the Licensing Act it was not likely that at that hour, after hearing a knock at the door, he would continue making a noise in the bar.

Mr. Mercer—Supposing the Court adjourned this case, do you think you would be able to secure the attendance here as witnesses of the men found on the premises?

Mr. D'Arcy—Mr. Ryan informs me he will be able to secure the attendance of two of the witnesses. The third is not now in Tipperary.

Major Colley said the case was a very serious one, and they would not like to prejudice the defendant in any way. They therefore adjourned it for a fortnight for the attendance of witnesses.

In answer to the Court,

Mr. England, C.P., said there had been no conviction against the defendant under the Licensing Act for over five years.

Major Colley announced that the decision of the Court in the first case was that the publican be fined £1, not to be recorded. The parties found on the premises, and who did not appear, were fined 10s. 6d. each except two, for whom Mr. D'Arcy appeared, and who were fined 5s. each. In the second case the publican was fined £5, the conviction to be recorded on the licence, and the parties found on the premises 10s. 6d. each.

Assault Case.

Head Constable Nolan charged Michael Wall and Francis Ryan, St. Michael street, with assaulting Edward Cussen, of the same street.

Mr. J. F. D'Arcy, solicitor, appeared for the defendants.

Sergt. Reddington gave evidence of being called to the house of Miss Hannah Hayes, St. Michael street, on September 16th. He saw there Edward Cussen, who was bleeding from the lip and jaw, who complained of having been assaulted. Cussen was a lodger in Miss Hayes' house. The trouble took place, it appeared, over the branches of a tree that grew in Mr. Wall's yard, and overhung a patch of ground at the back of Miss Hayes' premises adjoining.

Edward Cussen, examined by Head Constable Nolan, stated that Miss Hayes requested him to cut the branches of a tree which grew in Mr. Wall's ground and overhung Miss Hayes' ground. While he was cutting them in the afternoon Mr. Walls' daughter came out and asked who gave him liberty to cut the branches. He had only cut about three branches, and then went away. Later that evening, as he was carrying a ladder on his shoulder to the tennis ground, Wall and Ryan were standing at Wall's front door. Wall ran at him and threatened him for cutting the branches of the tree, and Ryan, who had something in his hand, struck him on the jaw and over the mouth, and drew blood from him, stunning him. His wounds were dressed by a doctor.

Cross-examined by Mr. D'Arcy, witness said he had known Wall for over twenty years, and never heard of his having assaulted anybody. He was a respectable man. He had known Francis Ryan by sight for only a short time. He was a lodger at Wall's. When Wall's daughter objected to his cutting the branches he had already cut two, finished cutting the third, and went away. He had not been speaking to Wall for the past two years.

Cross-examined as to whether Wall actually assaulted him, witness said—He undoubtedly rushed out and caught me by the arm and threatened me. I don't remember him striking me.

Did he say: "Ned, I want to have a chat with you about that tree"?—Nothing of the kind.

Did you strike Ryan with the ladder?—No.

Did you attempt to strike him with it?—I did not.

Miss Hannah Hayes gave evidence that she gave authority to Cussen to cut the branches. She saw the assault in the street in the evening. Wall caught Cussen by the shoulder and hit him three times. Then young Ryan pulled something, either a penknife or a revolver, out of his pocket and hit Cussen with it. Both Wall and Ryan hit Cussen at the same time.

Mr. D'Arcy, in cross-examination, put several questions as to the credibility of the witness, who said she had some ex-Service men to prove to the assault.

John Gaynor, an ex-Service man, stated he was a witness of only part of the row. He saw Ryan strike Cussen with his fist on the side of the head, and then Wall got hold of Ryan and pulled him back.

For the defence, Francis Ryan, examined by Mr. D'Arcy, stated he was employed by Mr. Gubbins, clerk of the union, and had been living in Tipperary only four months. He was lodging at Wall's. He had no grudge against Cussen, and had only known him by sight a very short time, and had never spoken to him. He was after tea and was going back to work when he saw Mr. Wall talking to Cussen outside in the street. Cussen had a ladder under his arm, and he gove witness a stroke of the ladder in the chest. Witness asked him, "What do you mean by striking me?" and Cussen gave him another shove o fthe ladder. Witness then, in self-defence, gave him a couple of blows with his fist in the face. Wall never attempted to strike Cussen, but caught him gently by the arm, and asked him who gave him permission to cut the branches.

Cross-examined by Head Constable Nolan, witness said he didn't know how Wall could have got the wounds.

Witness strenuously denied having anything in his hand, and said he used nothing more than his fist, and that only in self-defence.

Michael Wall also gave evidence absolutely denying that he struck Cussen. He saw Ryan strike Cussen, but he had nothing in his hand.

To Head Constable Nolan, witness said Cussen wasn't a fighting man, but there was a woman in the case, and she was the boss, and Cussen had to do everything he was told.

Mr. Joseph Gubbins, clerk of the union, said Ryan was employed at his office, and was an exceptionally good young man, and not at all likely to commit an unprovoked assault on anyone. He had always looked on him as a most respectable youth. He had known Michael Wall for thirty-five years, and had the highest opinion of him, and never heard of him molesting anybody. He considered Cussen also a very quiet, inoffensive man.

Mr. D'Arcy said the case was really a trivial one, and he asked the Court, under all the circumstances, to dismiss the case against Wall and to deal with young Ryan under the First Offenders Act, or else adjourn it for a few months to see how the parties would get on.

Major Colley said the Court would dismiss the case against Wall. Ryan had no doubt acted under provocation, and in his case they would impose a small fine of 10s.

Two Months for Wife Assault.

For assaulting his wife a man named Halloran, of New road, Tipperary, who did not appear in court, was sentenced to two months' imprisonment.

Mrs. Halloran said that on June 25th last defendant struck her and followed her into the street with a razor in his hand, threatening to kill her. He contributed nothing to the support of his infant child.

TIPPERARY BOARD OF GUARDIANS.

Release of the Prisoners Demanded.

England Setting a Bad Example.

The fortnightly meeting of the above board held on Saturday was presided over by the chairman, Mr. M. Kirby. The names of the members present will be found in the report of the District Council.

Release the Prisoners.

The following resolution, proposed by the chairman, and seconded by Mr. Boddy, was passed:—"That we demand as a right that release unconditionally of all political prisoners at present confined in English and Irish gaols and internment camps, as we are convinced that this detention is a violation of all international usage, and is not calculated to promote the welfare of this country."

The Chairman said these poor fellows in the camps and gaols, are suffering terribly, and he thought England would be well advised to release them, and their release would tend in no small way to bring about peace, which they were wishing for, and for which the whole country is wishing. The demand they were making for the release of their fellow-country men and women echoed throughout the length and breadth of Ireland.

Mr. Boddy said they were true, brave bold men and women, who were willing to sacrifice their lives for the freedom of their native land.

Chairman—There was no crime against them only that they loved their country.

Mr. Fitzgerald—Which every man should do, and none of us should be called Irishmen if we do not. We will not allow England to trample on us any way.

Mr. Toomey—We will not—never.

Chairman—No doubt they are suffering, and we know it from people the accuracy of whose statements we need not doubt. I know it myself from good authority that some of those poor fellows have been lying on the boards, and the parcels and letters sent to them did not reach them. That state of affairs is bad enough.

Mr. Boddy—Coming from a nation that went out to fight for small nationalities, is is leaving down a very bad example by holding the prisoners.

Mr. Ferris—They should let them out.

The remainder of the business was routine.

Billheads, Memos, Duplicate Memo and Accounts in Book Form.—We are giving our customers the advantage of the recent fall in paper prices in these items.—**The County Printing Works,** Davis Street, Tipperary. (The only Printing Office in the town, and the best-equipped in the county.)

Slovenly Work is **NOT** done at **The County Printing Works,** Davis Street, Tipperary.

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NEW STORE

IS NOW OPEN.

HIGHEST QUALITY GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES.

SHOP AT THE CO-OP.

SPRING BROS.,

DAVIS STREET,

TIPPERARY.

MOTOR CARS FOR HIRE ON SHORTEST NOTICE.

Repairs to Motors, Push Bicycles, Gramaphones, and all Classes of Machinery executed on the Premises by practical mechanics.

Large Assortment of Motor Accessories in Stock.

Second-hand Ford Cars for Sale

INSPECTION INVITED. [875

THE ONLY WAY

to increase your business, any business, is by persistent advertising. Just telling people that you have good goods or good service for sale—getting your goods and yourself **well** known.

Certain professional classes are supposed not to advertise, but they do, unconsciously, in other ways—good ways no doubt, slow perhaps and effective in time—but a manufacturer or merchant can use

PRINTER'S INK

—the quickest, the widest appeal of any.

People cannot buy of you unless they know what you have to offer, therefore TELL THEM; tell them by

EFFECTIVE PRINTING AND EFFECTIVE ADVERTISING.

Let us help you in both methods of advertising.

Our Printing Office is the best-equipped in the County.

"The Tipperaryman" is the only newspaper published in Tipperary town, and it has the densest circulation of any local paper in South Tipperary and East Limerick.

PRICES OF MEAT REDUCED.

JOHN RYAN,

EMMET STREET, TIPPERARY,

HAS OPENED A VICTUALLING ESTABLISHMENT AT HIS RESIDENCE.

His Prices are as follows:—

STEAKS, CHOPS, ROAST BEEF, & LEGS OF MUTTON, 1/4 PER LB.

BOILING BEEF, 1/- PER LB.

BOILING MUTTON, 1/2 PER LB.

SANDEMAN'S
PORTS & SHERRIES
"THREE STAR" & "FIVE STAR"
SANDEMAN *means* Fine Port Wine
Fine Port Wine *means* SANDEMAN!

TIPPERARY QUARTER SESSIONS.

THURSDAY.

Licensed Premises Visited.

Mr. Patrick Ryan, 62 Main street, claimed £60 for damages to his premises and for goods taken and carried away.

Mr. N. F. Maher for applicant.

The applicant stated that on the 19th December there was excitement in Tipperary, and he received a formal visit himself from the proceedings and had the panels of his front door broken. He heard a noise at the back doors and when he came down the following morning he found it had been forced. The door opened on to Market street and was secured by a lock, bolt, and latch. He noticed there were several articles taken away, including a silver cruet stand, half dozen sheets, a new hat, gent's coat, baby's clothes, silver teapot, etc.

His Honor said in Tyler's case a mob of men came and showed there was an intention to destroy the place and subsequently a lot of goods were stolen by the mob. He did not know if he could allow compensation in the case which occurred like a freeze.

Mr. Maher drew his Honor's attention to the damage done to the applicant's sister's house, and said that it was not peculiar to these days that it was the same parties who had been out this morning.

The applicant stated there were seven or eight men in the yard.

Sergt. Maher said at that time it was not considered healthy to come to investigate what they were doing, and consequently Mr. Ryan is not able to throw much light on it.

Applicant stated that the night McElligot's place was fired there was hammering at his door. On the second occasion they broke the panel of the door and set fire to the Irish House, but it was extinguished.

To Mr. Maher—My stock-in-trade at the corner of Market street was burned, and there were offers to provide carried out afterwards on the 26th April.

His Honor—In this case the damage and depredations seem to have been done by ordinary thieves. There was a lot of damage done by persons who were not ordinary thieves. And I am satisfied that it is not one of those class of cases, and I will dismiss it.

In a second case, the same applicant sued for £46 compensation for damage to his premises on 24th December.

Mr. Maher said the case was adjourned from a previous sessions in order to procure a permit.

The applicant stated the damage done was caused by the intense heat from the Irish House, which was on fire on the occasion.

Mr. W. J. Hefferman, town surveyor, gave evidence of value, and

His Honor awarded £46.

John Connors, Ardabreen, Thomastown, claimed £50 for damages to a sewing machine, delph, etc.

Mr. Connolly, B.L. (instructed by Mr. Maher), for applicant.

After hearing the evidence a decree for £43 was granted.

Sequel to a Sunday Walk.

Pte. Albert York, Green Howards, claimed £300 for injuries received to his right hand.

Mr. Kenny, B.L. (instructed by Mr. Carrigan), for applicant.

Private York deposed he went for a walk out to Thomastown on a Sunday morning in soldier's clothes, and met three men who asked him what he was doing out there. He said he was out for a walk, and they replied that "they would give him a walk." They accused him of being a spy. He said he was not a spy, but an ordinary soldier. They took him down a by-road and said they would not kill him, but would so maim him that he would not be able to use a rifle again. One of them fired three shots at his right hand, and then told him to run. He did so, and was hit in the leg.

To his Honor—I was in hospital for a month. My fingers are stiff, and I am not able to use them, and I cannot go back to my old job.

Mr. Kenny—What was that?—Putting iron into a machine, at which I could earn £6 per week.

Where were you working before you joined the Army?—In Leeds.

Decree for £300.

A Big Claim.

Mrs. Jane G. Lysaght, Fethard, claimed £25,000 for the loss of her husband, shot on March 7th.

Mr. Connolly (instructed by Messrs. Connor and Dudley) for applicant.

Mr. Esmonde, B.L. (on behalf of the ratepayers), opposed the claim.

Mrs. Lysaght stated that her husband was fired at convenient to his own house, and wounded. He made his will in regard, and died six weeks later in a nursing home. He was a first class farmer, and dealt in cattle and horses, and sold a horse for 500 guineas in Dublin, which won a race at Limerick Junction races. He was very attached to his children, and never took a holiday. Previous to his death doors were fetched across the road and notices posted that they were not to be removed.

Mr. Carey, Ex—Did he go and remove them?—He did.

To his Honor—He was shot through the hip and groin. There was a good deal of money spent on him during his illness. I have three children.

His Honor said he was satisfied the deceased was a good farmer, and a great loss to his wife. One year he might make more than another in the cattle trade, but taking all things into consideration, he would give a decree for £15,000, £1,500 to the widow and the balance to the children.

Claim from Killusty

Joseph Stone, Killusty, claimed £40 for the loss of hay.

Mr. Desmond, B.L. (instructed by Mr. J. J. O'Shea), for applicant.

His Honor awarded £30.

Mr. Maher and Kenyon claimed for chaff, but evidence being taken, was awarded £10.

A Government Claim.

The Secretary of State for War claimed £12 10s. 0d. taken from the body of the late Constable Shilson, shot dead on the 15th July at Barrack, near Ronsha.

Mr. Kenny, B.L. (instructed by Mr. Carrigan), for applicant.

Sergt. Cahill stated that the funds, the property of the Inspector-General was destroyed, and bandages and other things were missing.

Decree, for the full amount.

John P. J. Deegan, claimed £139 compensation for damages to his house, crops, and a quantity of hay.

Mr. Connolly, B.L. (instructed by Mr. W. J. Skinner), for applicant.

His Honor allowed £100.

Labour Trouble Near Fethard.

P. J. Carroll, Milltown, claimed £2,000 for the burning of hay, oats, and straw.

Mr. Connolly, B.L. (instructed by Mr. Skinner), for applicant, who stated that in August last there was trouble between the farmers and the I.T.W. Union. The latter party wanted an undertaking to be signed for six months and some friction ensued, and all the labourers went out on strike, and they prevented farmers from selling milk or sending it to the creamery. They would not be allowed to do anything without a permit. My hay, straw, and oats were all burned; 88 tons of hay, worth £10 per ton; 15 tons of straw, at £15 per ton; and 100 barrels of oats.

His Honor—And I see in this list you charge double as much for the straw as for the grain.

Applicant—The straw was double as costly as the grain.

His Honor—Do you want me to believe that?—I do.

His Honor—Very well; produce some credible witness.

The applicant stated there was other damage done in the district.

His Honor awarded £1,400.

"A Peculiar Dog."

Wm. Downey, Cashel, claimed £700 compensation for damages to his house, hay, and a trolly.

Mr. Connolly, B.L. (instructed by Mr. R. Connolly), for applicant.

Applicant stated, in reply to Mr. Connolly, that he lived near Golden, and on the night of the 21st January a lorryload of men came along. One man opened the gate and nine or ten rushed in and searched the house and set fire to the hay. An officer asked him where his sons were, and he said they were "not at home," and that they would be afraid to stop at home. He searched the place, but found nothing seditious.

To his Honor—There were police there, too. There were the produce of eight acres of hay burned, about sixty tons, and a new trolly. He had twenty-two cows, but never gave them any hay up to January.

Mr. Connolly—And you claim £5 for a dog?—Begorra, I do—(laughter)—and no one in the house would give him for £5. He was a peculiar dog. (Laughter.)

His Honor—What was pecliar about him?—His appearance. (Laughter.)

What breed was he?—He was a terrier—what else? (Laughter.)

What sort of an appearance had he?—The ordinary terrier's, but he was quiet. (Laughter.)

To Mr. Connolly—He was shut up, and could not get out.

His Honor—What happened to him?—He was burned alive.

Did you buy a dog since?—I did not.

You omitted to tell Mr. Connolly about things at first.—I am telling the truth about them now, anyway. (Laughter.)

And you did not like to tell Mr. Connolly what was true—was that it?—(No answer.)

Further examined by Mr. Connolly, witness said that all the hay was burned and the zinc shed badly damaged.

Mr. Connolly, engineer, stated that it would take £280 to repair the shed.

His Honor allowed the full amount.

FRIDAY.

A Town Burning.

Mr. Seamus Reynolds, Bank street, Tipperary, applied for £800 compensation for damages to his premises.

Mr. J. F. D'Arcy for applicant; Mr. W. Fegan represented the Tipperary Urban Council.

His Honor complimented the applicant on the manner in which he gave his evidence, and allowed the full amount.

Rahavera Claim.

Mrs. Ellen Carew, Rahavera, near Cappawhite, claimed £1,000 for damage to her premises.

Mr. P. J. Kenny, B.L. (instructed by Mr. J. F. D'Arcy), for applicant.

Miss Carew stated that on 6th May there was shooting near Cappawhite, and Crown forces visited her house and went into the room and set fire to them. They also burned hay outhouses and stores.

To his Honor—I got a rumour, and I went away, and afterwards returned and asked the men to let me save something, but they would not. Everything was burned except the roof.

Mr. Joseph Ryan, Newtown, gave evidence of value.

His Honor gave a decree for £400.

"Are Pigs Sinn Feiners?"

Mrs. Jeremiah Horan, Donohill, claimed £5,000 damages for the burning of her house, bedclothes, hay, and bacon, the killing of bacon, and the breaking of delph, tumblers, etc.

Mr. Kenny, B.L. (instructed by Mr. D'Arcy), for applicant.

Mrs. Horan stated that on the 13th of January she received a visit from gentlemen in four lorries, who paid more than particular attention to her house. (Laughter.)

"What did they do?" inquired counsel.

"Everything," was the reply. "They came into the house and went into the bedrooms and dragged out all the bedclothes and burned them. I had bacon in the house, and they got at it and took it, and broke delph, tumblers, glasses, and everything they could get. Having acquitted themselves in this fashion—(laughter)—they lit the house over me. (Renewed laughter.)

What did they do with the bacon?—They managed that all right. They put it carefully into bags, and brought it away on their shoulders. (Laughter.) They took two bags away.

His Honor—They seemingly had a taste for bacon.—Yes, they are very tasty. (Laughter.) But they did more than that. They were not content with the pigs that were killed until they killed another in the yard—stuck him—(laughter)—and took him away in a bag, too. I am under the care of a doctor since, and I am not able to speak.

His Honor—You are doing very well, ma'am. (Laughter.)

Witness, proceeding, stated the "Black and Tans" burned her beds and bedding. "I asked one of them," she went on, "who was very busy in the good work—(laughter)—if he ever had a mother himself, and not to burn the ticks. He asked me why did my oldest son go to America? I said he went to earn his living, and asked him what he came over to Ireland for if it was not to earn his living also. He said he did not come over to Ireland to earn his living, but to put down the Sinn Feiners, and, said I, to him, 'Was the pig you stuck in the yard a Sinn Feiner?'" (Loud laughter.)

Mr. Kenny—Did they do anything else?—Oh! they brought the canary that was hanging out of the ceiling—a beautiful singing bird. (Laughter.)

His Honor—And a melodeon?—They did. (Laughter.) They brought their music with them, too. (Renewed laughter.) Eleven calves died belonging to me from hunger—in want of hay—and two cows.

Evidence of value having been given by Mr. Ryan, auctioneer, Tipperary,

His Honor awarded £665.

"A Hopeless Task."

Mrs. Hanoria Breen, Grange, claimed £3,000 for damages to her cottage, and for meat, eggs, and eggs taken away.

Mr. Kenny (instructed by Mr. J. F. D'Arcy), for applicant.

Applicant deposed that on the 18th January last she was in a small cottage belonging to the R.D.C., when a lorryload of men arrived.

Mr. Kenny—They came to you from Horan's?—I believe they did. (Laughter.)

When they went into the house what did they say?—They asked where was Dan Breen, and I said I did not know where he was. They then fired petrol on the house and burned it.

Didn't they break up all the furniture first?—No, they had everything broken in the house since the Monday before. (Laughter.) They broke the looking-glass, and all that was on the dresser. They broke everything in the place.

Was there a pig's head there?—There was. They made a football of it—(laughter)—and kicked it out after kicking it about the house. (Laughter.) They kicked out two pigs' heads—(laughter)—and a bag of onions.

Tell his Honor about the hens.—They took two pigs backs, also. About the hens—they took them. The fellows in the house went down to the lorries for the fellows that were there to help them drive the hens. (Laughter.

His Honor thought that was a hopeless job.

Mr. Kenny—Did they try to drive the hens?—They did. All the hens disappeared.

How much would a hen be worth in the year?—£10; but they are not so dear now.

His Honor gave a decree for £180.

(The remainder of the cases at the court will be reported in our next issue.)

SATURDAY.

The Bansha Shooting.

"Genuine I.R.A., or Only Imitation?"

Killenaule and Killusty Claims.

On Saturday his Honor resumed his seat at ten o'clock.

Edward Barry, Cappawhite, claimed £1,200 for the burning of his premises on January 15th.

Mr. Kenny, B.L. (instructed by Mr. D'Arcy), for applicant.

In reply to counsel the applicant stated that he was a cycle agent and mechanic in Cappawhite. There were four rooms in the house, and furniture and all were burned, including a three-quarter sized billiard table, which he had stored in one room.

His Honor—Had you bicycles in stock?—I had about a dozen. I have not the invoices, as they were burned. I have lived in Dhon since the burning took place.

To Mr. Kenny—The shop was my only way of living.

His Honor awarded £900.

Shot Coming from Mass.

Mrs. Mary Ann Lyons, Galway, claimed £3,000 for the loss of her son, Constable Nutley, killed at Bansha on May 15th.

Mr. Kenny, B.L. (instructed by Mr. J. O'Dwyer), for applicant.

The applicant stated she had been married twice. Her second husband left her eleven years ago, and her son (deceased) was her support, and also the support of an invalid brother. She had ten acres of land let.

His Honor—How was this policeman shot; was it at the barracks?

Mr. Kenny—No; returning from Mass three of them were shot.

The applicant stated her son was in the Army, and while in the Army and in the police he made her a weekly allowance.

A sister of deceased said he looked after her mother and herself while alive. She was stopping with a friend in Ballinasloe, and her mother with another friend in Galway.

Sergt. Cahill deposed that the deceased had five bullet wounds in his body when found. The shooting took place near the chapel.

Captain G. H. Gallogly, D.I., said the deceased was a hard-working constable, and there was nothing in the official records against him.

His Honor gave a decree for £1,050, to be divided between the dependents.

Messrs. Walter Bright, Ltd., Tipperary, claimed £160 for two motor-bicycles taken away.

Mr. Kenny, B.L. (instructed by Mr. O'Dwyer), for applicant.

Patrick Hefferman, manager, deposed that on July 11th he was in the office, and had a visit about ten o'clock a.m. from men who were armed and wore masks. One man went in with a revolver in his hand, and, "in the name of the I.R.A.," took away the bicycles.

His Honor—Were they genuine I.R.A. men or only an imitation? (Laughter.)—I could not say, your honor.

Mr. Kenny—Anyway, they wore masks and had arms.

Witnessed stated the machines were used for travelling purposes.

A decree for £140 was granted.

A Burning at Drumincomogue.

Patrick Kelly, Drumincomogue, claimed £3,345 for damage to his house, barn, and for hay and furniture burned by Crown forces on February 6th.

Mr. Kenny, B.L. (instructed by Mr. J. J. Power, Hospital), for applicant.

Miss Kelly, daughter of applicant, deposed in reply to counsel that Crown forces visited the place and burned the house and broke the furniture. They also burned a hay shed and broke delph. They took possession of the house, and while some of them were piling up the furniture one of them played the piano. (Laughter.) They did not give her time to save anything except a box of clothes. They dragged out her brother into the yard, and beat him with the stocks of their guns.

To Mr. Kenny—They burned hay, also.

After hearing evidence of value,

His Honor gave a decree for £2,400.

Shot Near Killenaule.

Mrs. Margaret Healy, Ballingary, Killenaule, claimed £3,000 for the loss of her husband, shot last June.

Mr. Connolly, B.L. (instructed by Mr. J. J. Ryan), for applicant.

Applicant stated that her husband worked in the colliery at Killenaule, and earned 7s. a day. He was taken away by armed men on June 10th, and she did not see him again until the 15th, when he was found dead on the road with a bullet wound in his head. There was a label attached to the body with the words, "Spies and informers beware. Tried by courtmartial and shot, I.R.A." She had one baby.

His Honor awarded £1,100, £600 to the widow and £500 to the child, stating that if she invested the money properly it would bring herself and the child £80 per year interest.

Sergt. Jeremiah Sullivan, who had been stationed at Bansha on May 15th, claimed £10,000 for injuries sustained on that date.

Mr. Kenny, B.L. (instructed by Mr. D'Arcy), for applicant, who stated that on May 15th, at Bansha, near the church, he received a wound in the back and another in the left shoulder (a piece of wood), which he was under the care of Dr. Dowling, and had also been treated in the fever hospital at Dublin. He had also been under the care of Surgeon McArdle and Dr. Magennis for some time. He was still suffering from the effects of the wound in the back, and could not do any work.

To Mr. Kenny—If I were promoted since. He had been two months in hospital, and during that time was liable to be charged 10s. a day which he did not think the Government would pay. He was not yet discharged from the force.

His Honor—It is very hard to deal with a case when he is not discharged by the authorities. How many years service have you?

Applicant—Fourteen years. I was promoted sergeant last January.

To Mr. Kenny—My present pay is £251 10s. and allowances £360 altogether.

His Honor—Are you entitled to a pension?—That rests with the authorities. They do not give any pension until after fifteen years' service. I would have to serve thirty years to get the maximum pension, which would be £496.

To Mr. Kenny—If I were promoted to head constable I do not know what my pension would be. Before I joined the police I was a farmer, but I would not be able to do farmwork now. I suffer from nervousness and sleeplessness and a pain in the head.

Were you operated upon?—Yes; twice. There was a quart of blood taken from me one time and seven ounces another time.

To get discharged would you have to go before Dr. Peacock, Dublin?—I would.

Could a doctor here discharge you?—No.

Mr. D'Arcy—Dr. Dowling is the military doctor here, and the applicant was under him.

Mr. Kenny—He could not get him discharged.

Mr. D'Arcy—I spoke to Dr. Peacock about this, and he said it was no affair of his.

Dr. Magennis deposed, in reply to Mr. Kenny, that he found the applicant suffering from bullet wounds. The right lung was pierced, and the heart was affected; the tissue was altered. He had high blood pressure and a rapid heart, and witness did not think he would be fit to perform the duties of a policeman.

To Mr. Kenny—He was in a condition that one chamber of the heart never gives a single beat. His lung was pierced right through. The recollection of the affair would also interfere with his doing duty.

Captain G. A. Gallogly, D.I., stated that the applicant at present was not entitled to any pension. He got several applications of the kind from injured men. At thirty years he would get two-thirds of his pension. There was no bar to applicant's promotion.

Mr. Kenny—Was he a good man?—He was. He was only doing work of a secondary nature, and his experience of clerical work will not be of much use to him. He would have to go up to Dublin and be examined by Surgeon Peacock to get discharged. He was very efficient as a policeman.

Dr. Dowling deposed that applicant was over two months in hospital before he went to Dublin. Witness removed the bullets and took a quart of blood from him. The bullet went right through the lung. Applicant was not fit to perform active police duties. He would be all right for secondary work.

His Honor—You heard what the district inspector said, that they keep men on secondary work?—I did.

And the authorities, who had some report before them, would certainly discharge him if he were not fit for it?

C.C. and P.—They left it over until they would see what amount of money he would be granted by your Honor.

Mr. D'Arcy—I offered to pay Surgeon Peacock's expenses to come here to-day, and he would not come.

Mr. Kenny said it was a very unsatisfactory state of affairs.

His Honor agreed.

Applicant—I went before Surgeon Peacock, and he asked me if I wished to stop on in the police, and I said I did if they gave me light work to do.

His Honor—He did not say he would discharge you?—No.

Did you ask him to discharge you?—No answer.

Mr. Kenny—He is not able to do police duty.

His Honor—If I make an award I will have to speculate on the chances of his being kept in the police, and reduce the amount accordingly. I do not want to do an injustice to the sergeant, but I find it very hard to deal with the case. I am, however, satisfied he sustained very serious injuries, and whether he is kept on or not the wounds will be a trouble to him, and he probably will not be the same man again. The question of his discharge is not satisfactory. He may be kept on and in the ordinary course he may get a substantial pension. Speculating on the chances I will give him full compensation for the injuries he received. I will allow him £2,500.

A Constable's Claim.

Constable Patrick Brien, Emly, claimed £5,000 for injuries to his left arm.

Mr. Kenny, B.L. (instructed by Mr. D'Arcy), for applicant, who stated that he was stationed at Emly, when he was shot through the arm and side.

Medical evidence went to show that applicant had lost the use of the arm, and an award of £750 was made.

Loss of a Bullock.

Wm. O'Dwyer, Tipperary, claimed £40 for a bullock.

Mr. Kenny, B.L. (instructed by Mr. D'Arcy), for applicant.

Mr. O'Dwyer stated the bullock was shot through the head; in fact, the head was nearly blown off.

His Honor said there was a great drop in the price of cattle lately. He would allow £25.

A Town Burning.

Mr. Edward McElligot, 26 Main street, Tipperary, in two cases claimed £6,000 for damage to his shop, stock, fittings, etc.

Mr. Kenny, B.L. (instructed by Mr. D'Arcy), for applicant.

The applicant stated the burning took place on November 15th. The premises were burned, stock, furniture, fittings, etc. He did not live in the house, the rent of which was £30 per year.

His Honor allowed £1,000.

Cappawhite Claims.

Thomas Ryan, Cappawhite, claimed £2,000 for the burning of his house, and damage to a forge, his property.

Mr. Kenny, B.L. (instructed by Mr. D'Arcy), for applicant.

In reply to counsel, applicant stated that he owned a public house and forge, and was a blacksmith. On January 18 there was a policeman shot near Cappawhite, and applicant's house was burned. The following night the slates were knocked off the forge, and a vice and other things broken.

Mr. M. Kirby, engineer, estimated the cost of repairs to the house at £574 18s.

His Honor—Where are you living since?

Applicant—With my mother.

Did you try to rebuild the place?—No.

Decree for £1,000.

Patrick Barry, Cappawhite, claimed £200 for damage to his house.

Mr. Kenny, B.L. (instructed by Mr. D'Arcy), for applicant.

Applicant stated the roof was damaged, beds and bedding, chairs, a table, etc.

His Honor awarded £150.

A Killusty Case.

Philip O'Shea, Killusty, claimed £6,000 for the burning of his shop and premises and goods and furniture.

Mr. Kenny (instructed by Mr. T. F. O'Brien, solicitor, Clonmel) for applicant, who stated that on April 18th he was in the shop with his wife when, about three p.m., some members of the Stone family in the neighbourhood, accompanied by soldiers, came in and said they wanted tobacco and "fags." He gave them out a supply of both. They then brought him out of the shop and put him against a wall outside with his hands up, and meanwhile the men took what they wanted in the way of

(Continued on page 7.)

WHOLESALE **TOBACCOS, SNUFFS and CIGARETTES** RETAIL.

GODFREY'S, TIPPERARY.

TIPPERARY QUARTER SESSIONS.

(Continued from page 6.)

tobacco, cigarettes, fancy soap, etc. One of the members of the Stone family had been shot shortly before. Witness's wife had left by the back when the soldiers came in. After leaving the shop the party went to Keane's public-house at the opposite side of the street. Some of the soldiers were drunk, with bottles sticking out of their pockets. After spending some time in the village they left, but came back about eight o'clock that night. Four soldiers stood near his premises. On seeing them witness locked up the shop and left, as he considered his life was in danger. He went to a neighbour's house, from which he had a view of his own premises, and in about three-quarters of an hour afterwards he saw them on fire. Everything was right, and there was no fire there when he left the premises. There was a large quantity of paraffin in the shop. Keane's public-house, twenty yards away, was also set on fire. The military were in the village all the time, and shots were continually going off. Major King came out to Killusty next day, and said that only there were two officers present John Byrne's place would also be burned.

A decree for £2,100 was given.

From Fethard.

John Brett was awarded £31 for the smashing of a window in his drapery premises in Fethard on June 20th.

Mr. Hearne (instructed by Mr. G. A. Nolan, solicitor), for applicant.

Wm. Tierney, draper, Main street, Fethard, was awarded £100 for damage sustained by the smashing of two plate-glass windows, and for boots, clothing, etc., missing.

Mr. Hearne (instructed by Mr. Nolan), who appeared for applicant, said the damage was caused on the same night as the previous case. As a result of some military officers having been shot soldiers ran amok in Fethard that night, and did considerable damage.

The same applicant was awarded £23 for a plate-glass window broken on December 30th.

Thomas Donovan was awarded £28 for damage to windows and goods and money taken from his business premises in Fethard. Witness said eighteen bottles of rum and eighteen bottles of port wine were taken.

Mr. Hearne, for applicant, said the damage was done on the night of the shooting of the officers.

£500 in Lisnagaul Case.

John Moroney claimed £622 for the destruction to his premises at Lisnagaul, Glen of Aherlow, and for goods and property destroyed.

Mr. Kenny (instructed by Mr. D'Arcy, solicitor), for applicant, who said he was a shoemaker. There was an ambush at Lisnagaul on November 15th last, in which several policemen were killed. On that evening a number of policemen visited his place and brought him out and put him against the gable wall of the house. They broke the windows, smashed and broke the furniture, and also kicked about the tools and effects in a loan to shed which they subsequently set on fire, and also a quantity of hay.

A decree for £500 was given.

Thomas Cunningham, dentist, St. Michael's street, Tipperary, applied for £250 for damages to his premises.

Mr. Kenny, B.L. (instructed by Mr. J. F. D'Arcy), for applicant.

The applicant stated that the adjoining premises, owned by Miss Ryan, were set on fire, and during the attempt to put out that fire a large quantity of water got into his rooms and workshop.

To Mr. Kenny—Glass was broken in the windows, and carpets and other things destroyed.

His Honor—What other things.

Applicant—Dental machines.

His Honor—Had you things like that upstairs?—I had. The workshop was upstairs.

His Honor gave a decree for the full amount.

The Clanwilliam Club claimed £35 for damage for the breaking of a window and loss of whiskey and a coat taken from the premises.

Mr. J. O'Dwyer for applicants.

After hearing the evidence a decree was granted for the full amount.

THE LICENSING BUSINESS.

The following applications for transfers of licences or confirmation of transfers were granted:—Edmond Campion, confirmation of a transfer; Maurice Carroll, Emly, do.; Wm. S. Corcoran, Main street, Cashel, do.; Helena Cranley, St. Michael's street, Tipperary, do.; Mrs. Bridget M. Cunningham, Main street, Cashel, do.; John Foley, Church street, Tipperary, do.; Thomas Greene, Main street, Tipperary, do.; Anastatia Hayes, Hollyford, do.; Jeremiah Hayes, Church street, Tipperary, confirmation of a new licence; Mrs. M. Hogan, Main street, Tipperary; Daniel Kennedy, Clonoulty; Mrs. Bridget Kennedy, Goold's Cross; Wm. Maher, Earlshill; Mrs. H. Meaney, Cashel; Michael O'Carroll, Cappawhite; Thomas O'Connell, Bansha; Mrs. Margaret O'Dwyer, Cashel; J. Ryan, Graffin; John Ryan, Davis street, Tipperary; Charles Deedy, Commons; Mrs. Margaret Walsh, Ballymohusk, confirmation of transfers. John Dwyer, Donohill, Mrs. Mary G. Dwyer, transfers to their own names.

The application of Kate Hayes, Clonoulty, for a new licence was refused.

Mr. Maher for applicant.

The following solicitors appeared for the different applicants:—Messrs. Wm. Frewen, J. F. D'Arcy, J. O'Dwyer, N. F. Maher, F. J. O'Connor (Thurles), C. M. Barry, and R. J. Connelly (Cashel).

KILMALLOCK ARBITRATION COURT.

Some Interesting Cases.

The Cow With the Crooked Leg.

An Arbitration Court sat at Kilmallock on Friday of last week, when a number of interesting cases were dealt with.

Kilmallock Rural Council summoned Michael Burke, Sarsfield street, Kilmallock, for £2 2s., amount of rent due by the defendant at the time of his vacation of a cottage the property of the complainants.

Mr. J. J. Power, B.A., solicitor, appeared for the council. Defendant was not professionally represented.

The rent collector gave evidence to the effect that the defendant refused to pay.

The defendant stated he refused to pay the rent owing to the neglect of the cottage by the District Council.

Mr. Power—What was wrong with the premises?—Before I left the premises I was writing to the council for a number of years, and never got a reply. My complaint was of a nuisance of a most aggravating kind. There was a channel at the back door which the council created, and I had to take away the slops every day, myself and my children. It was the council that was at fault. Dr. Cleary proved that it was in an unsanitary condition over and over again. Defendant added that his neighbours used to keep pigs; he used to keep pigs himself, but at a distance from the house.

Mr. Power said the Cottier Tenants' Act did not apply in this case; it was a case between the defendant and his neighbours. The landlord was bound to keep the premises in habitable repair. The defendant was not entitled to retain his rent for the mere fact that a nuisance existed.

The President said that the terms of the agreement which he had read were that the defendant was to keep the premises in habitable repair and pay his rent. He was bound to keep and maintain the cottage in good repair.

Defendant said he owed rent from March 1st to September 11th, which was about £2 2s. He did not actually refuse to pay what he owed, and it was under protest he did pay.

After consideration the president announced that the court decided, on the defendant's admission, to give a decree for £2 2s. and costs. The agreement was there, and they could not do anything. The defendant had, if he wished, the option of appealing the case, within four days, to the district court.

Nicholas Dillane, Columnus, summoned John Bolton, Sarsfield street for possession of a house.

Mr. Power for the defendant.

The complainant said the house was let to the defendant at 4s. weekly. Since October 9th, 1920, witness had not received any rent from the defendant.

Mr. Power (to complainant)—Who is bound to keep the premises in repair? There was no remark about that. I only let him the shell of the house as it stood.

Was there not a document in writing drawn up by Archdeacon O'Shea?

Complainant replied that he could not remember what was in that document. He only let the house as it stood, but did not bind himself to do any repairs.

John Bolton said when he was taking the house from Dillane he took complainant down to Archdeacon O'Shea, and asked Dillane if that was sufficient guarantee to get the house. Complainant said he would not let the house without securities. Witness asked him if Archdeacon O'Shea's security would be sufficient, and he said it would. They went down to Canon O'Shea, and the latter pulled out his notebook and wrote down an agreement between them, which was to the effect that Mr. Dillane was to give him (Mr. Bolton) the house at 4s. a week and keep it in proper repair. The condition of the house was very bad at present. The rain was coming down through the roof. He was prepared to pay Mr. Dillane the forty-three weeks' rent which he owed if the house was put in proper repair. A new door was required.

Ultimately the parties settled the matter between them. The defendant paid the amount of rent due to the complainant, who promised to put up a new door.

The president of the court said he would make a personal inspection of the house, and the complainant agreed to act on whatever further recommendations the president might make in the matter.

Mrs. O'Sullivan, Sheares street, v. Patrick Wilson, Sheares street.—This was a claim for possession of a house in Sheares street.

Complainant stated the house was let to the defendant at a rent of 4s. per week. On September 12th last she ordered a notice to quit to be served on the defendant, as her present husband was prevented from carrying on business as a carpenter. She wanted the house for her own use.

Mr. Power, solicitor, who appeared for the complainant, said it was a hardship to put out defendant, who paid his rent and rates, but it was perhaps a bigger hardship on the complainant, whose husband was prevented from carrying on his business. As far as he could see, under the Act of 1915, once the complainant stated that she required the house for her own purpose they were bound to give a decree.

The court gave a decree for possession, and allowed defendant time to secure a house.

Denis Flanagan, Kilmallock, summoned John O'Brien, Millmount, for trespass of a goat.

Complainant said this trespass had been going on since the cottages were built in Mount Castle. He would not have brought the matter into court at all were it not for the fact that these people kept the goats in a spirit of defiance. After six or seven years it was quite time for him to assert himself against a long drawn-out trespass. On one occasion he took the goats back to the defendant's wife, who called him all sorts of names.

Defendant's wife, who appeared, said they had a cottage plot in Mr. Flanagan's farm. The goats Mr. Flanagan brought did not belong to her at all. Mr. Flanagan seemed to be under the impression that they were causing all the trespass on his farm, which was not the case. The fences were in a bad state of repair, and the fence of the cottage plot was broken down at her side.

Mr. Flanagan—I know the goats so well for nine years that I could not mistake them. (Laughter.)

After further evidence,

The Court adjourned the case for a month, and pointed out that if the trespass was repeated in the meantime, Mr. Flanagan could again approach the Court, when the matter would be made all right.

Stephen Hickey, Ballysally, Charleville, v. Thomas Higgins, Kilmallock.—The complainant summoned the defendant for having, at Charleville fair, on 10th October, 1921, purchased from him a milch cow, delivery of which he afterwards refused to take.

Mr. Power, solicitor, for defendant.

James Daly, as agent for the vendor, stated he sold the cow to Thomas Higgins for £23 10s. Higgins subsequently refused to take the cow. The cow remained on his hands, and subsequently calved. He could have sold the animals only for Higgins coming along and buying her.

Mr. Power—What time did Higgins buy the cow from you that morning?—It would be about nine o'clock.

What time did Higgins say he would not take the cow?—It was about eleven o'clock. Witness added that he stopped his master from selling the cow as Higgins had purchased her. A man came up and asked him the price of the cow and witness told him that Tom Higgins had the animal bought.

This cow had a crooked leg?—I told this man about the crooked leg before I sold her. The leg was not very crooked. It was not after the cow was sold that Higgins was told that the cow had a crooked leg.

Patrick Forde said he remembered the last fair day in Charleville. He met Daly, and the latter asked him if he knew anybody who would buy a cow, and he suggested Higgins. Higgins came up, and Daly asked £27 for the animal. Higgins offered £20. The cow had a lump on the side of the knee. After offering the £20 Daly showed the defect to Higgins, and they both subsequently finished the deal at £23 10s.

Mr. Power—When did Mr. Higgins refuse to take the cow?—I cannot say.

Daly—He told me he would take the cow immediately he had disposed of another cow. Higgins asked me would he pay me or my master.

Thomas Higgins said he bought the cow from James Daly. As witness was going away Daly said: "Come here; I want you." Daly showed him the cow's leg then, and witness asked him the age of the cow, and he said she was a four-year-old. Witness subsequently told him to go and sell the cow to somebody else.

Mr. Power said where the contract for the sale of goods was £10 or over it should be evidenced in writing. If a beast is not marked the bargain must be witnessed in writing. In any transaction over £10 there must be earnest given, and the beast must be marked.

After consideration the Court dismissed the case. They were satisfied that the deal in this case was not completed, and that there was no mark put on the animal.

The representatives of Nicholas Malone, Sarsfield street, v. John Ryan, The Pike.

This was a civil bill claim for £8 13s. 9½d., for goods supplied. The case was adjourned to the next court.

John White, Gortboy, summoned Patrick O'Brien, Trealewes, for abusive and threatening language on the 16th inst.

Complainant said this man came into his yard about eleven o'clock at night. He tried to break in the door, for what purpose witness did not know. Then he said he would break the window. Complainant advised him to go home. Defendant was interfering with his servants.

Denis Finn, a servant in the employment of Mr. White, said he did not see O'Brien in Mr. White's yard, but the man gave his name to Mrs. White as Paddy O'Brien. He wanted to come in to beat witness. When witness would not come out O'Brien insisted on being let in.

Mr. White said that what he wanted was protection for his servants.

President (to defendant)—Were you drunk that night?—You may say drunk. (Laughter.)

Were you in Mr. White's yard that night?—I may be in five yards. (Laughter.)

Denis Finn, an employee of the complainant, summoned the same defendant for a similar offence.

The Court imposed a fine of 2s. 6d. in each case, which was subsequently reduced to 6d. and costs.

FOR PRINTING THAT IS WORTH WHILE,

TRY

THE COUNTY PRINTING WORKS,

DAVIS ST., TIPPERARY.

TIPPERARY No 1 RURAL COUNCIL

The Mortgage Signed.

Objected-to Words Deleted.

Bad Condition of the Roads.

State of the Cottages at Limerick Junction.

Home Industry and Irish Manufactures To Be Supported.

The quarterly meeting was presided over by Mr. M. Shelly. There were also present Messrs. P. Ferris, M. Boddy, R. Walsh, J. Ryan, P. Fitzgerald, P. Breene, T. Toomey, W. Cotter, J. Allis, J. Buckley, and W. Peters.

The Mortgage.

The manager of the National Bank (Mr. O'Meara) attended the meeting, and said he had had the mortgage prepared, and that the words the members objected to had been deleted. It was ready for the signatures of the members.

Chairman—I think before we sign it our solicitor should see it.

Mr. Ferris—You have already agreed to sign it.

Manager—Your solicitor has already approved of it.

Chairman—At the same time, I would like to have both documents compared.

Manager—You cannot go behind what you approved of. If there was any difference in the documents you could take exception to it at any time. I can guarantee that it is a correct certified copy. The draft was prepared from the document, and there can be no change or alteration.

Both documents were compared by the chairman and assistant clerk, the latter of whom remarked: "The bank seal is not attached to it."

Chairman—It need not be.

Mr. Ferris suggested signing the document, adding that "they were only making a mess of it."

Chairman—We are not making a mess of it.

Manager—If you do not sign it to-day you cannot get it signed for a fortnight.

Mr. Ferris—And there are a lot of people in want of money, and I know it.

After further discussion the members decided to complete the mortgage.

Cottage Repairs.

John Hanly, Longstone, wrote that if the council repaired the end window of his cottage he would pay his arrears of rent.

The engineer (Mr. Kirby) said the repair of the cottage was stopped for want of funds.

Chairman—Whatever about the funds, he will have to pay his rent. We cannot afford to repair cottages if we do not get the rent.

Order—Arrears to be paid.

Limerick Junction Cottages.

Dr. O'Dwyer stated that he visited the Limerick Junction cottages unfortunately at the wrong time, when the rain had settled all the drains. He met a deputation, and they went through the cottages, which were all well looked after in a certain sense. The stench traps had sufficient water, and there was no nuisance, but on the whole the people would be better if they had a water supply. In dry weather foul gas would come from the stench traps. It was a hard case to deal with. The tenants' disposal of refuse was the only nuisance found. The refuse was not buried deeply enough, and cattle ploughed it up. The houses were ground damp.

The matter was referred to the chairman and Dr. O'Dwyer to report further to next meeting.

A Complaint.

Mrs. Dwyer, Ballinreagh, wrote that her son wanted to put her out of her cottage. No prisoner was ever treated in the way he treated her. She was the tenant.

The Chairman said it was a family squabble, and a matter for a Sinn Fein court.

County Surveyor's Report.

The County Surveyor reported as follows:—"The only work done during the quarter was the preparation of stone in the various quarries. The supply in Solohead and Cappawhite districts is much below what it should be. In other districts the supply is satisfactory. Men are now put to cleaning and side work on the roads, which are in the worst condition, it being important that at least water should be kept off them, more so this year than ever. Notices are bing served to have bushes and briars cut. The direct labour scheme which came before them covered all the roads which can be economically and satisfactorily worked by direct labour."

The direct labour scheme was adopted, and the report marked

Lisnagaul Cottage.

Mr. H. Kennedy, secretary Irish White Cross reconstruction commission, wrote stating they would assist the council to repair the cottage of Mr. Moroney, Lisnagaul.

It was decided to write to the commission for full particulars as to terms of loan.

Irish Manufacture.

Mr. Boddy proposed, and Mr. Peters seconded, a resolution calling on all public bodies to support home industry and Irish manufacture, which was passed unanimously.

The remainder of the business was routine.

KILFEACLE RACES.

Bad Weather Tells Against Big Big Attendance.

Mr. Jerry Kiely's Double.

Kilfeacle horse and pony races were held last Sunday over a splendid course, kindly given for the occasion by Mr. Kennedy. The course is the best we have seen this year, and afforded spectators a full view of the contests from start to finish. The weather, unfortunately, was most unfavourable, and greatly militated against a large attendance. Still, there was a fairly numerous gathering, and the racing was interesting, notwithstanding that the fields were small. In one race only two horses came under the starter's orders, and the pair were very unequally matched, The Green winning by nearly half a lap from The Mall. In the first event Irish Eyes was much fancied, but was beaten early in the race by Miss Ryan's mount, disappointing a large crowd of admirers. Mr. Jerry Kiely, Tankardstown, brought off a double per Wild Daisy, winning the second and fourth races, the owner himself riding in the latter. In the fourth race Rolling Home was a competitor, but, as usual, ran out. In the first race there were five horses, in the second four, in the third two, and in the fourth four. Mr. O'Dwyer, hon. secretary, and the committee had all the arrangements made in an up-to-date manner, and the Volunteers maintained good order throughout the evening. Details:—

Thomastown Plate of 8 sovs. An open flat race for ponies 13.3 and under. Weight, 8st; 7lbs allowed for every inch under. Distance, 1¼ miles.

Miss N. Ryan's Johnny Maher (3/1) .. 1
Mr. J. Baragry's Fly Boy (3/1) .. 2

The race lay between Johnny Maher and Fly Boy from the start. After the first lap Johnny Maher took up the running and won easily.

The Kilfeacle Plate of 12 sovs. An open flat race for horses. Two and a half miles. Weights, 11st; four-year-olds allowed 7lbs.

Mr. J. Kiely's Wild Daisy (1/4)... 1
Mr. S. Ryan's Old Sport (2/1)..... 2

Old Sport led for two laps, when Wild Daisy took control of matters and won by six lengths.

The Subscribers' Plate of 10 sovs. An open flat race for ponies 14.2 and under. Weights, 9st; 7lbs allowed for every inch under. Two miles.

Mr. M. O'Dwyer's The Green (1/4) 1
Mr. G. O'Dwyer's The Mall (4/1) 2

Only two candidates came under the starter's orders. The Green allowed The Mall to do the pacing until the last lap, when he took up the running, and won by fifty lengths.

Tipperary Town Plate of 10 sovs. An open flat race for horses. Two and a half miles. Weights, 10st 7lbs; four-year-olds allowed 7lbs.

Mr. Kiely's Wild Daisy (evens) ... 1
Mr. D. Murray's Dark Rosaleen (2/1) 2

Mr. D. O'Brien's (Tipperary) Dollie set the pace for the first four laps, with Wild Daisy second. She was well ridden, but when put the question by P. Waddy she replied with an emphatic "No." She ran into third place.

LUCANIA & SHAMROCK SUPERIORITY.

THE design of Lucania and Shamrock Bicycles leaves little to be desired. Just the style of bicycles that appeals to the rider who wants value for money. Tyres and tubes at lowest cash prices.

ALARM CLOCKS from 9/-

AGENT:—

M. STACK, Ballyvistea.

FROM OUR

District Correspondents

CASHEL.

The Potato Crop.

Owing to the poor crops a scarcity of potatoes is expected early in the coming year. In some instances the tubers are soft and bad for eating, and in others rot is present. The farmers are now busily engaged digging the crop.

Live-Weight Pig Market.

At the market on Wednesday pigs were sold at £9 15s. per cwt.

Golden Barracks Evacuated.

On Tuesday last Golden barracks were evacuated by the police, and all the furniture, beds, etc., removed in military lorries.

The Market.

The weekly market on Wednesday was fairly large. Butter, 1s. 11d. per lb.; eggs, 3s. 6d. per dozen (retail); potatoes, 1s. per stone; hay hawn, £7 10s. per ton; onions, 4s. per stone; parsnips, 2s. 1d. per stone. Owing to the absence of buyers no business was done in the corn market.

Novena of Masses for Dualla.

The Cumann na mBan of Dualla has just had a Novena of Masses celebrated in Rockwell College for the repose of the souls of the young men from Dualla district who lost their lives in the recent fighting.

Cashel Teachers' Association.

The quarterly meeting of the above was held on Saturday, the 22nd inst., in the City Hall, Cashel, Mr. D. C. Maher, B.A., presiding. The new programme of instruction was adopted provided guarantees for the prevention of victimisation of existing teachers, are forthcoming. With regard to the issuing and cleaning question, the meeting decided that the present is not an opportune time for taking drastic action. With the following resolution, proposed by Miss Kennedy, seconded by Miss Abercrombie, and passed in silence, the meeting adjourned: "That we tender to our esteemed colleague, Mr. T. Feehan, Ballytarsna national school, our heartfelt sympathy in his sad bereavement occasioned by the death of his wife; and we express our deep sense of her loss to our organisation, of which, for ten years she was a sterling member."

Mission Concluded.

On Sunday last the Mission, conducted by Rev. Fathers Gill, S.J., and Flynn, S.J., was brought to a close. There was a special closing ceremony for the women at three o'clock and at seven o'clock for the men. The services were most impressive, and a fitting conclusion to the fortnight's devotional exercises.

Death of Mr. D. O'Keeffe, The Rock.

Considerable regret was occasioned in Cashel district by the death of Mr. Daniel O'Keeffe, which occurred on the 28th ult., after an illness of some months' duration. The interment took place in the Rock Cemetery following Requiem Office and High Mass in the parish church. The attendance was extremely large, and amply testified to the sympathy of the general public. The following clergy officiated at the obsequies:—Right Rev. Dean Ryan, P.P., V.G.; Rev. D. Duggan, C.C.; and Rev. W. O'Dwyer, C.C. The chief mourners were—Mrs. M. O'Keeffe (widow); Wm. O'Keeffe, Ballinlina (brother); Mrs. M. Dwyer (sister); Messrs. D. O'Keeffe, Garranmore; J. Dwyer, Thomastown; and W. Walsh, Ballinlina (nephews); Mrs. J. Dwyer, Knockinglass, and Miss Nora Dwyer, Thomastown (nieces); Miss Cissie O'Keeffe, Garranmore; Messrs. M. and J. Dwyer, Ballinure; Mrs. M. Ryan, Ladyswell street, Cashel; Mrs. Maher, Thurlesbeg; Messrs. John, Thomas and Patrick Maher, Thurlesbeg; Messrs. Patrick and William Maher, Thurlesbeg; Mrs. J. Dunphy, Bank place, Cashel; Mr. D. Maher, Cashel; and Mr. P. Maher, Thurlesbeg (cousins).

Cashel Steamrolling.

Cashel Urban Council having obtained a grant of £2,250 from the Ministry of Transport for employment amongst ex-Service men, and the money being devoted to stone-breaking, the council has launched upon a scheme of steam-rolling. The very worst spot in the road has been taken in hand, and Kiln Hill, which has become dangerous to traffic, will soon be thoroughly steam-rolled. Under the competent supervision of Mr. J. Connolly, surveyor, the work is being most carefully done, and when the whole scheme has been finished Cashel roads and streets will be again amongst the best in the country.

GOLDEN.

Wedding Bells.

The principal event of last week was the marriage of Mr. James Hogan, chemist, Callan, Co. Kilkenny, second son of Mr. J. C. Hogan and Mrs. Hogan, Athassel House, Golden, and Miss Kathleen O'Brien, only daughter of the late Kendal E. O'Brien, M.P. for Mid-Tipperary, and chairman of Tipperary No. 1 Rural District Council from the passing of the Local Government Act till the time of his lamented death. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. T. O'Ryan, an Oblate Father hailing from the Hollyford mountains, where he first saw the light of day. Father O'Ryan was a lifelong friend of the late Mr. O'Brien, and in the arms of this distinguished son of Tipperary the deceased breathed his last. Father O'Ryan was assisted at the wedding ceremony by the Rev. J. McGrath, C.C., Golden. The reception was held at Athassel House, the home of the bride groom, and was attended by a large company, who did full justice to the good things provided. The happy young couple left amidst scenes of rejoicing by the four o'clock train for the metropolis for the honeymoon. I wish the happy pair a long and prosperous future, which, from their amiability and kindness, is well deserved.

Gloomy Outlook.

As far as human intelligence can foresee the outlook of the Irish farmer during the coming winter is best described as above. How, I ask, can it be otherwise with cattle and sheep a drug on the market. The importation of Canadian stores, almost an accomplished fact; barley unsaleable, even at pre war prices; the agricultural labourer with no money to buy the necessaries of life for himself and family?

Scoundrelism.

A very unseemly act of blackguardism was perpetrated in the Golden area during a certain night of last week, when the cattle of a very respectable farmer were driven on to his turnops, presumably for the destruction of the crop and the probability of the cattle being burst through overfeeding. Such acts are reprehensible, and every avenue open to our I.R.A. should be used to trace the culprits. To put it mildly, such acts are unIrish and unmanly, and deserve the most condign punishment. Surely law and order must be rescued from the chaos of the past few years if Ireland is to live and prosper. The farmer referred to is a quiet, inoffensive man, highly respected by his friends and neighbours, and a generous subscriber to every national and charitable claim. This act of private spite is severely condemned in the locality as a new form of Bolshevism, but of a very low and cunning kind. I may mention the cattle were driven through a gateway which had been fastened up to prevent an outlet; therefore no doubt can be entertained as to the deliberateness of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the nefarious act—an act, to do ordinary justice to my neighbours, hitherto unknow and unheard of in this district.

Obituary.

I deeply regret to chronicle the death of Mr. Patrick Lonergan, Dangan, Golden, at a fairly advanced age. Deceased was a man highly respected for his truthfulness, honesty, and integrity, and endeared himself to everybody who had the pleasure of his acquaintance. In his early days, at the inception of the G.A.A., he prominently figured in the football matches against such crack teams as the Bohercrowes, Arravale Rovers, and the famous Rosannas. In social life he was an enjoyable companion, inoffensive and unobtrusive. A God-fearing man was honest Pat, "true to faith and fatherland" to his latest breath.

HOSPITAL.

A Tribute to Dr. Hayes, T.D.

Mr. L. J. Walsh, in his book "On my Keeping and in Theirs," just published, pays a tribute to Dr. M. Hayes, T.D. for East Limerick, in the following terms:—"I cannot close this account of prominent camp officials (in Ballykinlar internment camp) without paying a tribute to Dr. Hayes, T.D., who was in charge of the hospital during the greater part of my internment. Hayes is a man of beautiful character—as kind as a mother, as simple as a child, and as humble as a saint. There is no need to refer to his courage and his ardent patriotism, for his Easter week record speaks for itself. But the man is so unassuming that one might spend his life with him without discovering, except by accident, that he had ever done or risked anything out of the common. It meant a great deal for the health and happiness of the camp to have a man of his type in the hospital; and, whatever grievances we may have against our old friend, Sir Hamar Greenwood, we must at least be thankful to him for that, when he rounded the rest of us up, he took care to arrest Dr. Hayes and lock him in along with us."

Vacated.

The local police barrack was vacated in the early hours of last Monday morning and the several police transferred to Bruff. It is stated several other police barracks throughout the county have been similarly dealt with.

Lynch Memorial Concert.

Last Sunday evening a highly successful entertainment, organised by the local St. John's Dramatic Club in aid of the Lynch memorial fund, was held in the hall. That well-known comedy, "The Lord Mayor," followed by Thos. Moylan's farce entitled "Tactics," were excellently staged by St. John's Club, Limerick, and the various artists received well-merited applause. The hall was packed to its utmost capacity, there being scarcely standing room for those present. A dance followed, and an enjoyable night was spent by those present.

Mr. Frank Neiland.

Mr. Frank Neiland, Bruff, who was sentenced to five years' penal servitude last January in connection with the Cahergallamore dance tragedy, has arrived home, having been released on medical grounds some months ago. Since then he has been in a nursing home in Bournemouth, whence he was transferred to the Mater Hospital, Dublin, to undergo an operation. Despite all the hardship he has undergone he looks very well, and his many friends in East Limerick wish him a speedy recovery.

Escaped?

It is stated that Mr. D. O'Connell is one of those who some weeks ago escaped from Spike Island internment camp. He has been prominently identified with the Volunteer movement since its inception, and at the time of his arrest near Killaloe was on the run. The business premises of his father were burned down as an official reprisal for the Dromkeen ambush.

KILMALLOCK.

Lighting of the Streets.

A meeting of representatives of the Kilmallock local division of the District Council and representatives of the Kilmallock Electric Light Co. was held in Kilmallock on Sunday. Those present were Messrs. T. J. Campion, T. J. Carroll, T. Conba, D. Cussen, M. J. Mitchell, representing the Kilmallock Electric Light Co., and Messrs. J. McGrath, J. Maguire, and C. E. Cleary, acting clerk, representing the council. After a protracted discussion on the request of the Electric Light Co. for a grant towards the public lighting of the streets, and the council's desire to remedy the many grievances in connection with the local Fair Green, the council's representatives agreed to make a favourable recommendation to the next council meeting, and the following resolution was drawn up and signed by them:—"We, the representatives of the Kilmallock electoral division, having attended a joint meeting as between representatives of Kilmallock Electric Light Co. and the district councillors of the said area, recommend to the counil that steps be at once taken to strike a rate of 8d. in the £ to raise the sum of £114 for the purpose of public lighting in the town, which lighting the Electric Loght Co. agrees to carry out for the above sum to the satisfaction of the council, and we recommend that the necessary powers be at once sought under the Public Health Act for above purpose. We further recommend to the council that a public meeting should be summoned by that body forthwith for the purpose of dealing with the question of revenue from the Kilmallock Fair Green."

Superannuation of Officials.

This matter is to be dealt with at a special meeting of the Kilmallock Council.

[Much matter from District Correspondents at Cashel, Cappawhite, Cappamore, etc., received only on Friday morning, and thus too late for this edition.

Will correspondents please note that matter should be sent as early in the week as possible? Friday and Saturday are our busiest days, and news of the early part of the week reaching us at the week-end runs but a poor chance of insertion.—Ed., "Tipperaryman."]

AERIDHEACHT AT CULLEN.

One of the many gatherings which, since the Truce, have been organized to foster and develop a truly national spirit and incidentally to give some amusement and necessary relaxation to a people subjected for years to the strain and hardships of a trying time (a correspondent writes), was held on Sunday last, in the historic centre of Cullen o gCuanac. The meeting was held in a most suitable and beautifully enclosed field, kindly lent by Mr Denis Quinlan, D.C. But the morning was threatening and the day bitterly cold. There were, too, many counter attractions within the area, so that the crowd, though not small, was not quite so large as more favourable circumstances would have made it. The Aeridheacht was to have been opened by the South Tipperary representative, Mr P J Moloney, T.D., but important National work prevented him from attending, and a message of regret which he forwarded (through the post) two days before to Mr Quinlan was not delivered till Monday. In this he emphasised the necessity of having the present opportunity used to the full to perfect the various organizations—"Sinn Fein Clubs," "Cumann na mBan," "Gaelic League," &c., and brought to such a high state of perfection that no efforts of the enemy should be able to suppress them. These organisations were in fact to be the medium through which the recommendations and mandates of the Dail should find suitable expression. The necessity of absolutely ignoring all but the National authority was in the letter strongly stressed.

In the absence of Mr Moloney, the proceedings were opened in Irish by Eamonn Mansheal, who, after welcoming the audience, dwelt on the recent and more ancient glories of the district of Cullen, which, according to the celebrated historian Mrs Green, was famous for its scholars, its artists, its workers in gold and bronze, when those who, with the sword camouflaged in the Sermon on the Mount, now hypocritically profess to civilize us, were clothed only in the juice of wild berries, the only substitute they then possessed for the more decorous and more modern homcloth.

The speaker expressed to Mr P J Moloney, whose absence all regretted, the sympathy of the meeting not merely for his sufferings and his material sacrifices but for the loss of his patriotic son who gave his young life that the nation might live, who were out of life at the nations call as if leaving it were but a start by an earlier train, who in idea and patriotic deed lived up to the philosophic dictum that merit lies not in length of life but in worthy achievement. Of him and his comrades Ireland will say:—

Their names are blest, their keene sung, our bitter tears are dried.
We bury sorrow in their graves. Patience we cast aside.
Within the gloom we hear a voice that, once was ours to know,
'Tis Freedom, Freedom Calling. Arise 'Mo Craobhin Cro.'

The speaker pointed out that while the Gaelic League was mainly concerned with the revival of the Irish Language, it was by the creation of a national spirit, of a sense of national self-respect, of a feeling of proprietorship in and duty to Ireland, its people and all things Irish inseparably bound up with what were generally regarded as bigger issues. Due regard to history, to language, to Irish tradition were absolutely essential not merely to acquire but to preserve national liberty. He expressed a hope that out of the present Conference would come an honorable settlement giving our people control over an Ireland, one and indivisible, with unfettered sway over its own laws, its own finance, its own trade, its own education; in fact over all those interests which go to make up a national life. Then only would the Irish language get its proper place not merely in the education but in the life and economy of the nation. Then only would the history of our land, its traditions, its historic spots, its very place-names become to us living things, mines of interest and information. Then would Irish patriotism become not a negative thing, an anti-this or an anti that, but a positive force swayed by love of land and all its interests. The speaker wound up by saying that Ireland has gone past the stage when her people can be kept debating and squabbling while her interests are being battered at the ends of the earth by those who term themselves statesmen. The Ireland that transformed the League of Notions into a League of Nations has sufficient power to prevent the thousand millions and all its unpaid interest due to America from being squandered in Ireland in crushing that spirit of self-determination for which selfish and unscrupulous politicians allege that Europe was drenched in blood. The clean slate and the wiping out of debt have interests for Ireland and Germany as well as Britain. Nor must a Disarmament Conference disarm only rivals and enemies, leaving Britain untouched. Liberty should be regarded as the birth-right of all. In the words of President Lincoln:—"Those who deny freedom to others deserve it not for themselves, and under the rule of a just God cannot long maintain it."

The programme included items by the following:—Cullen Girls School, chorus, "Kevin Barry and Shaun Treacy" songs; Cullen Boys' School Choir, an Irish song; Miss B Ryan, Newtown, Oola, hornpipe and Irish reel; Barna National School girls, four-hand reel; also the fairies reel; J Woods, Tipperary, song; Mi Breen, Tipperary, recitation; Mr Moloney, Limerick Junction, hornpipe; treble hornpipe by W Hourigan, Bansha, B Ryan, Newtown, and Mr Moloney, Limerick Junction; recitations—Miss Mary Mansfield, Oola, and J Hackett, Cullen; Mr Birrane, Doon, and Mr O'Connor, Nicker, hornpipe and double; Cullen Girls School, four-hand reel; selections of Irish airs on the violin by D McCormack, Cullen.

Mr Denis Quinlan having in a brief but eloquent speech, thanked the promoters and those who contributed to the programme, as well as all who attended, the proceedings terminated.

THE RECENT TIPPERARY SHOOTINGS.

Young Volunteer Charged Goes On Hunger-Strike.

At a special court in Tipperary Military Barracks last Saturday a young man named Joseph Cahill, a member of the I.R.A., Bansha Road, Tipperary, was charged before Major Colley, R.M., with the attempted murder of two police constables at Tipperary on September 28th. Having taken the evidence Major Colley returned accused for trial at the Winter Assizes in Cork, on bail. The C.P.S. enquired if there was any application for bail, and accused replied in the negative. Subsequently the accused notified the Officer Commanding Troops at Tipperary that unless released unconditionally he would go on hunger-strike on the following (Tuesday) morning, and it is reported that he has done so.

It will be recalled that on the night of September 28th Cahill, a Miss Tierney, and a private of the Lincolnshire Regt. were wounded at the cross of Main street and Davis street, in the centre of the town, and that shortly afterwards William Corbett, a married man of only twenty-seven years, who was not a member of the I.R.A., was fatally shot in the Town Hall Picturedrome.

An official statement issued the following day from Dublin Castle asserted that there had been an exchange of shots between civilians and police, and that two policemen had been wounded, a civilian shot dead, and two civilians and a soldier wounded.

Following an inquiry by Com. G. Power, I.R.A., into the matter, a summary of evidence was published to the effect that the aggression came from two members of the Royal Irish Constabulary, and that Cahill, a Miss Tierney, and a soldier were wounded by their firing at the main cross of the town, and that Corbett was subsequently shot by uniformed men.

THE SHOOTING OF WILLIAM CORBETT.

Cinema Attendant's Statement.

The "Irish Bulletin" publishes a signed statement by one of the employees at Tipperary Town Hall, in reply to a statement in the "Morning Post" that Wm. Corbett was shot at the Town Hall by members of the I.R.A.

The attendant asserts that the shooting was the work of three members of the Crown forces, whose names are given, and that after the shooting other members of the forces came on the scene and would not allow anyone to bring the dying man a priest or get him a drink of water.

CLONMEL STATIONMASTER KIDNAPPED.

A number of men on Monday night called at the private residence of Mr. J. H. Walsh, stationmaster at Clonmel, took him out, placed him in a motor-car, and drove away to an unknown destination. On Wednesday afternoon Mr. Walsh returned safe and sound to Clonmel.

ANACARTY JUVENILE (BOYS' BRIGADE) SPORTS.

A correspondent writes:—The above sports were brought off on Sunday last in cold but dry weather. The programme included a marathon race from Moanvaun cross to Anacarty sports field, distance about four miles, in which several plucky youths took part. The little fellows set off at a fast pace and, running to the best of their ability, kept close company throughout the entire journey, and not even the Tipperary veteran, Crowe, could dash to the tape with more determination than did these youngsters. The field events were numerous, and all were keenly contested, and in almost every race there was an exciting finish, thanks to the efficient handicapping of the Irish champion, Tim Crowe, who has had long experience not alone all over the Emerald Isle, but in England, Scotland, Wales, and other countries. Very popular features of the day's programme were a sack race, donkey derby, and a three-legged race, which caused endless fun.

A hurling match between Anacarty and Cappawhite brought the day to a finish, Cappawhite showed their superiority by a small margin. Mr Willie Quinlan, the well-known hurler, acted as referee, and gave every satisfaction to both teams, who sought victory on every inch of the field.

This little fixture was entirely organised by the youths of the parish, who deserve great credit for the manner in which they carried out their programme.

All youngsters participating seemed to be more than pleased, especially as no competitor won more than one 1st or 2nd prize. Thanks to the splendid judgment of Ireland's greatest marathonist, who himself last July was one of the two men out of 46 starters credited with running the full distance in the great Windsor to London Marathon, and in every instance showed his superiority over the Swedes, Italians, Canadian and French men together with several noted English runners and Army Champions included.

The winners at the little meeting were O'Brien's, Ryan's, Dwyer's, Breen's and Corbett's. It is pleasing to note that all come from the same blood as "Tipperary Tim," and I hope these young athletes will follow up the fine old manly sports of our father-land and acheive the proud distinction that our Irish champions have gained in any field in every clime.

TOLLS AT FAIRS AND MARKETS.

To the Editor of "The Tipperaryman."

Dear Sir,—We live to-day at a testing-time in Irish history. Every institution and custom is subject to analysis and valuation. Everything that the public has to pay for must rightly be made to serve the public interest. Amongst matters upon which public inquiry should be concentrated is that of tolls at fairs. It is well to understand the origin and purpose of tolls. In far-back times they were originated by the national authority, the guild or some such public executive power. They appear to have been partly a means of raising public revenue and partly a means of providing funds for the cleaning, lighting, and protection of market towns. In time, by means of farming-out methods and by other rather doubtful means, the collection of tolls fell into the hands of private individuals. The proceeds came to be pocketed by these private persons without any advantage to the town or village in which the fair or market was held. It is time that in some instances, such as the cities of Dublin and Limerick, where the people had foresight enough to preserve their rights, these tolls are the property of the Corporation and a valuable source of public revenue.

The time, I submit, has come when these tolls should be made to serve the public interest. The individual does nothing to create them. They are the result neither of entrprise, capital, nor labour. It is difficult to see even how they could ever be justly sold, as the have been. Tolls if they are to continue to be collected should be applied to the public welfare. If money collected for tolls is applied to the cleaning or lighting, or drainage of towns or villages, or to the provision of better housing, or the erecting of public libraries or recreation grounds, it would be understandable. But how the people tolerate the custom of any individual taking a toll on every beast that is sold and putting the whole proceeds into his pocket passes all comprehension. I trust you will find space in your columns for this letter which may possibly lead to a calm and comprehensive discussion of this important matter.

Yours faithfully,
UNRESTRICTED TRADE.

TIPPERARY MARKET PRICES. THURSDAY.

Creamery Butter—Cleeves', 2s 1d (retail). Co-operative Creamery, 2s 0d (retail).

Farmers' Butter—1s 6d and 1s 8d.

Eggs—Duck, 32s 6d per 120 (wholesale); eggs (retail) 4s per doz; Hen, 32s 6d per 120 (wholesale).

Poultry—Old Hens, 3s to 4s per pair; Chickens, 8s to 10s per pair; Ducks, 2s to 4s per pair; Ducklings, 8s to 10s per pair.

Potatoes (a large supply) 7d and 8d per stone. There was neither hay, straw nor oats on offer.

Wool—4d and 4½d per lb.
Calf Skins—2s to 3s each.
Hides—8s to 16s each.
Cabbages—2d to 6d per head.

THE DANCE SEASON. — Orders for Dance Programmes, Admission, Supper, and Cloakroom Tickets promptly executed at **The County Printing Works**, Davis Street, Tipperary.