Limerickman sold 'Croker' to GAA

RANK DIFEEN of Ballylanders, on the Cork/Limerick border, not only made history by olding the oxices of Secretary and President of the GAA but is etter known as the man who sold Croke Park to the GAA

Croke Park to the GAA.

Only the oldest generation of
Dublin Gaels can recall the process of
volution which converted a wild
harket garden into Croke Park

reland's national stadium.

In early GAA days Clonturk Park
vas the prinsipal venue for hurling and
cotball inter-county contests, and
hany thrilling games were witnessed
here.

nany thrilling games were witnessed here.

Meanwhile the area between the land and Clouliffe Road and St. ames's Avenue and Jones's Road had een converted into the "City and suburban Sports Ground" by the late iff. Maurice Butterly. The low-lying and had been raised to road level by he dunping of rubbish, the heterogenus character of which was long upparent at the surface. It was projected as an all-sports inclosure, but there was not a great fariety of pastimes pursued in Dublin hen. All descriptions of footbal had been seen on its pitch, all sorts of entertainments took piace in its awilion sow replaced by the Hogan stand, and eventually in 1895, it ecame the venue for the All-Freland inals.

It had fellen into disrepair when frank Dineon came along in 1908 and sought the property. He effected mprovements and catered specially or Gaelic games and athletics.

Mr. Dineon leased a large quadrangle in the south-east corner of Betvedere College as a playing nets or its atudents — a transaction that as determined the limit of operations in the far side of the ground and noved an unfortuniste one for the G.A.A.

ordered an unfortunate one for the G.A.A.

The Central Council Eought the property from Mr. Dineen in December, 1913. The purchase money, actuding law costs, amounted to £5, 541 8s. 5d. £1,641 8s. 5d. of which was said in each and a bill given to the bank for £2,000.

When the Gaelic Athletic Association of the control of the Caelic Athletic Association of the Caelic Athletic At

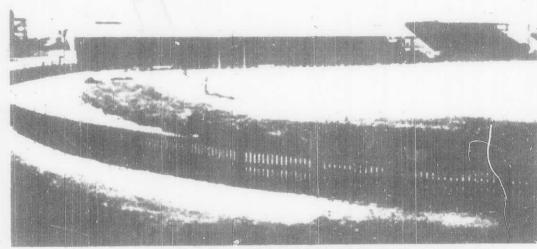
when the Gaelic Athletic Associa-tion took over the property they at once, and with unanimous approval, decided to dedicate it as the most fitting memorial of all to the first and greatest patron—the late Most Rev. Dr. T. W. Croke. Under this designa-tion it is now known the wide world over as the headquarters of the G.A.A. and the arena of pulse stirring contest in hurling and Gaelic Football every year.

Attained

Frank B. Dinsen was the son of the late Nicholas Dinsen of Bullylanders, and had attained his fifty-fourth year at the time of his rather unexpected death in April, 1916. Born in Ballylanders,

death in April, 1916. Born in Ballylanders, he was educated there and afterwards at Rockwell College. He retureed to Ballylanders and remained there until he was thirty-six when removed to Dublia where the rest of his all-to-short days were speat. Most people were familiar with Frank as a headinapper and recywriter on all matters connected with aport, his delightful and informative articles and notes were a striking feature in the Presiment Tournal, Sport and Telegraph and there was no greater authority by the subjects on which he wrate.

Not very many, however, were ware of the fast that he was a classic performed as a sprinter in the early cighties; and rebanised for many years one of the select few certified as having run the 100 yards in the level ten seconds.



Croke Park, as it looked when Frank Dineen sold it to the G.A.A. for £3,500 in 1913. It was developed into a major stadium in 1924.

On August 2, 1880, we find first mention of him when he won the 100 yards at Kilfinane sports from Harding of Cork and was also prominent in the high jump. But blessed with a robust constitution, he retired from the track constitution, he retired from the track after a few seasons, yet won upwards of three hundred prizes. In 1882 he covered the 100 yards stretch in 10.2 seconds, which was then an Irish record. At Ballylanders sports he was second in the high jump, and tied with Highland Phelan in 100 yards. In 1884 he is reputed to have clocked 9.8 seconds in the "hundred".

seconds in the "hundred".

On his retirement from the track he turned his attention to handicapping athletic events, to become the best known and most capable official then or since in the country. He handicapped all the principal suectings of a great era in Irish athletics, and knew all the grand athletes of that time intimately. Very interested in juvenile athletics, he is stated to have given all his prizes away at local sports.

Competed

He became associated with the Gaelic Athetic Association at an early stage in the existence of that organisation and competed at the first big athletic meeting, held at Blarney in 1885; At this time he was easily the best lhandred yards man in Ireland, and an attempt was made by those opposed to the G.A.A. to get him not to rus, but like the true man he was, he scorned such meddlesomeness and boldly stuck to his resolution to throw in his lot with the nationalist athletes of Ireland.

Ireland.

At Blarney he won the hundred in 10 three-fifths seconds, and the running high jump at 5 ft. 4½ inches and on June 3, 1865 at the Mardyke, Cork; he was second in the "hundred" to T. J. O'Mahony, "the Rosscarbery Strang Facilia".

to T. J. O'Mahony, "the Rosscarbery Stean Eigine".

He competed at some other meetings under G.A. A. laws, but look retired from athletics as a competitor and became handicapper of the Association. He also became a prominent member of the Central Council, and undoubtedly exercised a big influence in spreading the organisation outside the confines of the county and province in which it was established. He referred the famous contest in Dungarvan in 1908 between the two athletic giants, T. F. Kiely and Martin Sheridan, when both men were in their

The focus of GAA attention The focus of the Attention is this weekend on the Atl-ireland hurling semi-finals at Croke Park. It is not gen-erally known that a Lime-rickman, Frank Dineon, sold the Jones Read property to the Association in 1913.

prime and had created several world's records at weight throwing.

When the split occurred in the ranks of the G.A.A. in 1887, Mr. Dineen sided with the physical force party against the constitutionalists, but in the later years of his life he was on terms of close friendship with the leaders of the Irish Party.

In his early days he was imprisoned as a "suspect" under the Coercion Act of 1881 and when the Ballylanders district was in the thick of the struggle against "Buckshot" Forster's efforts to strangle the Land League movement. He had Mass offered for the inviacibles in 1882 and was associated with Dillon O'Brien and Dr. Tanner in Mitchelstown in connection with the Shinnick and Lonergan case.

Frank Dineen succeeded Mr. P. J. Kelly as President of the G.A.A. in 1895 and filled the position until 1898, when he became the Secretary of the organisation, a position he occupied until September, 1901.

Elected first President of the Athetic Counci' he was largely responsible for the organisation of an Irish team to attend the sports in Rome in 1908 in honour of the Papal Jubilee. He resigned the Presidency of the Athletic Councit the following year.

ncil the following year.

In 1906 he published the Irish Athletic Record — the first publica-tion of the kind issued in this country. It contained Irish, British and Amer-It contained Irish, British and American records, and was a very valuable compilation, involving a good deal of research. He planned a more ambitious work giving a lot of interesting details of the careers of all the great athletes of his day, but did not live to see the project through. When we appreciate the contacts he had and the big figures he met, we realise the grand addition such would have beet to firsh athletic force.

athletic lore.
Writing of him in Sport just following his death, "H.H." said:

"Strangely enough, very little seems to be known or remembered of Frank

Dineen's athletic performance. His career on the field was so brief as to be almost meteoric, but while he was there he dazzled the south of Ireland with his marvellous turn of speed. I have often thought that he could have made a world name for himself if he had only the push and the heart, but for a man of his fine physique he seemed unable to face crucial tests if challenged.

"It was in 1884 at Macroom that I first saw the Ballylanders youth. A well set up, slightly built, handsome lad, fully grown, he was reserved, if not indeed shy, and when he entered our dressing tent all eyes were turned on him, for a few races earlier in the season had heralded his doing and the day previous at Bandon, he was clocked for evens in the 'hundred'.

"He donned his green silk trunks

clocked for evens in the 'hundred'.

"He donned his green silk trunks and got on the scratch mark without speaking to anyone. We were a great team and were confident of showing him clean heels for we had many men of the 10.8 type or so, who, from a five yard mark, where I was stationed, eatongst others, with the late Pat Looney (one of the "American Invasion" team of 1888, and himself a world's record holder for a few minuter at Limerick in the hop, step and jump, where his 49 ft. 10 ins. was beaten by Dan Shanahan's 50 ft. 2in.

both performances being long unequalled) — to the eight and ten. yards mark.

"It was a case of everyone for himself, of course, but before the echo of the piston died away the green trunks were level with us and with a

or the pisson ded away the green trunks were level with as and with a dash that simply took away the little breath we had we were compelled to see him running away with the tape, five or more yards in front, hopelessly oupacing the whole bunch. And here again the watches said ten seconds.

"Both Macroom and Bandon tracks were in splendid condition and the advantage of fall of ground or of wind runst have been very slight. In every case a record was never established or I think sought to be established.

"The following season Dineen met and defeated the 'Rosscarbery Steam Engine', the late T. J. O'Mahony, in Croke Park, a result which was reversed a little later in the year at Blarney. As a child of the G.A.A. it was but fitting he should be afterwards one of its principal officials".

Limerick **Golf Club**

Eamon Dooley, winner of this year's Capitaln's Prize, was back in wisning form again last Sunday when he took the Carrigoguanell Cup with 40 points. Victory must have looked a remote prospect for Eamon when he turned with a meagre 16 points but from theroon be turned on the style to record a superb back nine of 24 points —

one over par.

Con O'Meara pipped
Moore for second snot.



Tom Downes (St. Patwho refereed the U-14A football final

Club Golf Cast

With Peter Sh With Peter sm
Cross counting the
in the filmt roun
breland at Lathin
birdles in his 8/
Tona Corridon, 1
Kavanagh and I
the second roun
respects of his
the final stakes:
However, it
Tom, Brion and
good rattches to
round, and De
performance it

performance to sixteen. At the Jodie Flanagan

Jodie Flanagan
Kavanagh and
over Declan Q
testing the sem
Donal Dema
fine performan
in the Cork Sc.
Condon and I
their own mo
Lahineh, when
Classic Fourba
celebrations d
victory

celebrations divictory.
Frank Sheehnews again, wi place with 44 pit he back use with 15 cm² he back us

he intitated in Cup and use getting Irclam compete in w one of the mo cups in the sented Castle for many victory playing with Barton Shiele Paddy Leadin. On his retithe Major and defied his iplaying 18 he year. Castlett at his remova Courcy, foun.

O'Donovan past preside trustee Lou

E.ADER

4-ball stable for mara and Ma Sheila O'Sull 41 pts., on Carmei Pattis

Carmini Pattis

ly, 41 pts.; 4,

Carmini Pattis

ly, 41 pts.; 4,

Carmini Hand

Theodoly It

Stableford

40 pts.; 2, Kil

last nine fron

Time-sheet

house for

Monday 7th

day) and Or

13th August.

Congratul

McDonnell a

ner Patticis

winning the I

Sh