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OF PUBLIC HLDING

## MURROE COURT: LICENSING AND FISHERY CASES

AT Murroe District Court on Tuesday, before District Justice

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A Tuesday, before Disfrict Justice Gleeson,
Inspector Pender prosecuted Thomas Clarke, Portnard, for a breach of the licensing laws on Sunday, November 23rd, last.
Mr. Blood-Smyth, solr., Limerick (for Mr. D. J. O'Malley, solr.), appeared for the defendant.
Guard Bourke said that on Sunday, November 23rd, he visited the premises of Thomas Clarke at 7.40 p.m. and found nine men drinking in the barr. Seven of the men were travellers, but they were not entitled to be on the premises after 7 o'clock.
To Mr. Blood-Smyth, solr., complainant said that the barmaid could have made a mistake in respect of two men—one of whom had returned from England the previous day. The barmaid told witness that she understood closing time was 8 o'clock.
GENUINE MISTAKE.
Miss Rose Harte said that she was looking after the premises for Mr. Clarke for the past two years. She was under the impression that closing time on Sundays was at 8 o'clock. On this occasion all the men represented themselves as travellers.
In reply to Inspector Pender, witness said that she made a genuine mistake.
Replying to the Justice, she said that the closing time during the sum-

f a special

ness said that she made a genuine mistake.

Replying to the Justice, she said that closing time during the summer was 8 o'clock, and she believed that it was the same closing hour for the whole year round.

Fining the defendant 40/- for allowing liquor to be consumed on the premises, the Justice said that a genuine mistake could have been made.

ade. The men found on the premises and erected e, he said, laced from

The men found on the premises and present in court were! each fined 5/- and the others, who did not attend, were each fined 10/- FISHERY CASE.

John Daly, Clerk to the Limerick Board of Fishery Conservators, summoned John Crowley, Moore Street, Cappamore, for having used a stick for the purpose of disturbing fish on the Ballyvoreen River on the 8th January.

Mr. Blood-Smyth, solr., Limerick, appeared for the complainant. The defendant was not professionally represented.

defendant was not professionally represented.

Patrick Ryan, water-keeper, said that he was on duty on the 8th January on the Ballyvoreen River and he saw Sean Crowley and a man named Sean Keane coming towards him along the bank of the river. John Crowley was poking, the water with a stick about nine yards long. Sean Keane had a three-pronged fork with a long handle.

Mr. Blood-Smyth told the Justice that Keane had gone to England before the summons could be served.

DEFENDANT'S DENIAL

DEFENDANT'S DENIAL.

John Crowley, defendant, denied the charge and said that he never fished in his life. He was walking along the bank of the river on this occasion with his hands in his pockets. Keane was using the fork to cover a stack of turf.

In reply to the Justice, defendant said he was never in court before on a fishery charge. He was snaring rabbits for the past forty years. On this occasion he had his hands in his pockets walking along a public path.

Mn Blood-Smyth — You were often up in court before.

Defendant—I was not often up before. I was up once for catching rabbits. I was away in Galway for the past twenty-eight years.

Mr. Blood Smyth — I know you well.

Defendant—You do not know me

Defendant-You do not know me well

well.
Patrick Ryan, water-keeper, was again called by the Justice and he said that defendant had a stick about nine yards long and he was poking the river with it.
Defendant was fined 40/- and £2 9s. costs.
NO LIGHTS OFFENCES.
Fines ranging from 2/6 to 20/-were imposed on a large number of offenders against the lighting-up regulations.

regulations.

Sergt. Tobin, Murroe: Guard McMahon, do., and Guard Clifford, Caherconlish, were the complainants.

## OUT OF THE PAST

By ROBERT HERBERT

RACING in Limerick, and, RACING in Limerick, and, in fact, throughout the country, was run on very different lines, in the last century, from the customary meeting of to-day. In 1840, the meeting took up four days, and on each day there were only two races, but several heats in each of them. The race-course was at Newcastle, on the site now generally known as Backguard. Hill, Racing fans may be interested in the following schedule of rules and conditions:—

QUEEN'S PLATE ARTICLES

conditions:—
QUEEN'S PLATE ARTICLES.
3lb. to mares and geldings; subscribers of two sovereigns to pay one shilling in the pound entrance, all others double, if entered at the post; upon entering each horse the colour of the rider to be declared, and should he appear in any other colour, the owner to be fined one pound; no confederacy to elude this article will be allowed the winner; each horse to pay one sovereign for scales and straw, and one sovereign to the judge; all horses on entrance to pay five shillings; all races to be run to such regulations as may be made by the stewards, whose decision is to be final; no horse can be allowed to start for any race, whose stakes, entrance money and fees are not paid in full, otherwise, although a winner, will be disqualified. In order to prevent false starts any jockey who gives unnecessary trouble at the post will be disqualified from riding again during the meeting. Horses to be at the post for the first day precisely at half-past one, under a penalty of one pound, which must be paid before starting; nothing given for a walk-over; 7 lb. allowance for half-breeds. All horses to the stewards to the starting post, and to be conducted by one of the stewards to the starting post, and to horse not complying with this rule will be disqualified.

THE NEWCASTLE COURSE.

THE NEWCASTLE COURSE.

THE NEWCASTLE COURSE.

The Newcastle Course had been in use from the middle of the 18th century, and if one were to judge it only on the magnificent view which it must have afforded the spectators, one would wonder why it was ever given up. However, here is a description of it before the races in that year of grace 1840:—

"Since the opening of this course, over 70 years ago, we never beneld it in such order and condition as it is in at present. This, of course, is owing to the exertions of the stewards, whose taste, science and untiring exertions have immortised them in the estimation of the racing gentry (notice how the now familiar racing jargen is already creeping in!), as also in that of the admirers of racing amusements in general. The 'running part' of the course is not only widened, but levelled and drained, that it is now one perfectly 'dry run round. The 'turn-gap,' as it has been called, at the 'coming-in post' is so railed in for over twenty perches at both sides, as to prevent the running horses from bolting, and to guide them to the winning post. Lest the course should be form up by casual gallopers before or after the race palings are placed at regular distances, which can be taken up in a few minutes and replaced the moment the race is over. The tents, too, are arrangling so that no person need. and replaced the moment the race is over. The tents, too, are arranged several yards away from the railing so that no person need obtrude upon the course—plenty of walking ground being left them in front of the tents, so as to prevent the foot-pasengers from coming into collision with the carriages or horsemen. The construction of the stand-house, too, the first of its order in the kingdom, being like the gallery of altheatre, and calculcated to contain three hundred persons, including the band, is one of the handsomest of its kind ever witnessed at Newcastle."

FIRST DAY'S RACING.

in pell mell. Carriages, gigs, jarvies, buggies, omnibuses, gingles, donkey in carts, drays, and every sort of maginable vehicle were in re-

imaginable vehicle were in requisition.

'There comes the gay and gallant sportsman with his real bit of blood, how proudly and gracefully he sits on the back of his gentle and beautiful charger! On they go, Now, now, take the weight of that fastidious customer in the dickey of yonder carriage; with what attention to geometrical propertion his stock is arranged! How nicely he does open his mouth, and what inimitable small-talk he retails to that gay and brilliant girl whose dilated eye is wandering towards some more engaging object than the tiger puppy beside her!

"By all that's magical, there goes the poor, solitary, sequistered shop-boy, togged out in blue-coat with shining brass buttons, supporting on three hairs one of Gillham's economical 'drabs,' sporting white linexpressibles, rittan and boots. He's walking, 'pon my honour. for 'he sake of exercise. He never measured a yard of cloth, or weighed an ounce of coffee, or sold a hinge, or uncorked a bottle of porter in all his life—is it he? With what a supercilious eye he glances at his pedestrian neighbours, whose toggery appear a little brothy. How he admires the shape of his own boot, and how often the flaming yellow cotton-silk handkerchief, deeply perfumed with Araby's essence is applied to his red and pimpled nose with a view to lessen its excitability, and fan the flame that burns at its apex.

"Who is that caricature whose legs and feet are dangling almost at right angles with the sides of the half-starved animal he bestrides? That is, indeed, a 'John Gilpin' Did you ever see anything so much out of place as such a creature as that, on horseback, spur away like a Trojan.

"Thurn your attention to that group of factory girls emancipated from bent backs and cramped positions over a tambour frame. Almost every delicate creature of that lot you see borrowing this day of enjoyment has been fined and re-fined, summoned and re-imprisoned, for being late even the one-sixteenth part of an hour, from the interminable labour to which they are confined from on

obtrude upon the course—plenty of walking ground being left them in front of the tents, so as to prevent the foot-pasengers from coming into collision with the carriages or horsemen. The construction of the stand-house, they, the first of its order in the kingdom, being like the galiery of altheatre, and calculated to contain three hundred persons, including the band, is one of the handsomest of its kind ever witnessed at Newcastle."

FIRST DAÝ'S RACING.
And now for a description of the irst day's racing as supplied by a special Racing Correspondent:—
"Hurra for the course! This is the list of this day's running horses, the colour of the rider and the rider's name, the weight they carry and the ground they, run. Hurra for the races! Out they powder, former winning by half a head."

## GOOD RECORD GA OF BALLYHEA MUINTIR NA TIRE

THE annual general meeting of the Ballyhea Branch of Muintir na Tire was held in the Hall, Ballyhea, Mr. Charles O'Callaghan, Pruntus, presiding.

The extending a welcome to the members and to Rev. Father T. Culhane, C.C. and Mr. W. O'Donoghue, both of the National Executive, Mr. O'Callaghan said he wished to thank them all for their attendance, as well as the Committee for their co-operation during the past year; also Rev. Father C.C. Owing of Mr. Edmond laghan, C.C. for their valuelle assistance. assistance.
SECRETARY'S REPORT.

SEORETIALYS REPORT,
Mr. T. Casiy, Hon. Secretary, in presenting his annual report, referred to the activities of the Branch during the past year, Their first project in 1925 was the resurfacing of the school yard. Over 30 tons of material were used and the expenditure incurred was something in the region of f140. He also outlined the Branch's efforts to bring electricity to the parish. A number of charities were supported financially by the Branch in the parish by the Branch in the parish by the Branch in the parish, by the Branch in the parish, bridges had been built, chemteries cleaned and adanger of flooding eliminate of the Branch of the provided financially and the parish bridges had been built, chemteries cleaned and adanger of flooding eliminate of the provided financially and the parish of the provided financial was an arganis obtained the Branch on their splendid work during the past year, as well as on the fine attendance that night. Muintir ma Tire, said Father Culhane, was an organisation based on Christian and objects of Muintir ma Tire, said Father Culhane, was an organisation based on Christian and objects of Muintir ma Tire, said Father Culhane, was an organisation based on Christian and objects of Muintir ma Tire, said Father Culhane, was an organisation based on Christian and objects of Muintir ma Tire, said father culhane, was an organisation based on Christian and objects of Muintir ma Tire, said the had not the remaining the past year as well as on the fine attendance that night to Ballyhea and congratilated the Branch to do their part by helping to advertise the propole of the countryside, were trying to make their lives brighter in every way. When the propole of the country sincerely for their subscription on the coasion of the National Chapter of the propole of the country side of the propole of the country side of the propole of the propole of the country side of the propole of the p