short history of Mungres

THE derivation of Mungret has been a matter of conjecture and has never been satisfactorily settled. O'Donovan suggests that it is derived from *Main*, a hill, and *garidh*, short, i.e. short

We know that local names of places are usually descriptive of the place or locality. tive of the place or locality, therefore, to ascertain the meaning of Mungret we must go back to the fifth century, when St. Nessan founded the monastery there, and realise the physical characteristics of the locality locality.

At that time, and for

D! **ASTIC!**



lails



I Ave.,

St.,

centuries afterwards, the low lying corcass lands from the mouth of the Maigue to Limerick were unreclaimed from the Shannon, and the tide ebbed and flowed over this wide expanse, known as "the lake of Limerick."

Wild

So wild was the district about Mungret, and around Limerick to the west, that it was known as Fasagh Luiminagh, or the wilderness of Limerick. Standing on the road near the only remains of the ancient monastery. one can realise the fact, that the waters of the Shannon came close to its walls, and that the low-lying lands im-mediately to the north and east were morasses, or bogs covered with sedge and long

bog grasses.
These cut-away bogs, now moory pasture land, no doubt gave fuel to the monks for many a century. The site of the church and monastery is situated on a gentle slope, with the humped-backhills of Temple Mungret and Castle Mungret to the north and west, and the sloping hill of the Glebe to the south.

We have here the physical features of the locality in the fifth century. Ancient writers, and the Four Masters, ters, and the Four Masters, call the district Mungairit or Mungarat, now softened into Mungret; pronounced Mong-a-rit by the natives. A sedgy morass is call in Irish, Moing or Muing, which term is also applied to the tall grasses grown in bogs. Cruit, a hump, and Crit, a back, are words usually applied to words usually applied to round and sloping hills.

Moinga-cruit, the sedgy morass of the sloping hill.

The word in time would get the present sound of

The word in time would get the present sound of Mungarit by leaving out the "c" in the final syllable, or, perhaps, Moin a bog, may be the first part of the word; meaning then, the bog of the sloping hills.

Decay

When Donald O'Brien granted Mungret to Brictius, Bishop of Limerick in 1179, the monastery was in a state of decay owing to the con-stant attacks of the Danes of Limerick, who, it must be remembered, possessed the lands along the Shannon to the Maigue river.

The charter of Donald O'Brien devises the lands of Muingairit and Ivinnach (Manach), i.e., the lands of the monks, to the Bishop and his successors for ever "from the arch of Mungarit

to *Ivmallin*, and from the ford of *Cein* to the river Shannon."

These boundaries have never been identified. I venture to make the attempt to localise them. Some fifty years ago the foundations of the gateway, or arch, leading to the monastery could be discerned some 300 yards to It was to fit the graveyard. Ivmallin means either the district of the mill (Moulin), or that of the O'Maley's, a tribe which owned this district close to Limerick.

Boundary

The Ballyclough river bounding the townland of Dooradoyle, recte Tooradail to the north-east. I would suggest that this was the boundary designated Ivomallin.

To the west a small stream separates Mungret parish from that of Killeedy, bounding the townland of Ballymacaisil. A sub-division of this townland adjoining Tervoe is called Caisilcanter.

is called Caisilcanter.
According to the Four Masters, Maoilcaisil, Abbot of Mungret, died A.D., 909. From him, it is plain, this townland took its name — Bally-maoil-caisil, softened into Ballymacaisil. Probably he had these lands reclaimed from the wilderness. Casilcanter, i.e., Caisilcantir, is the head or upper cean-tir, is the head or upper part of Caisilsland, as it is the extreme western point of the Monks'land.

The ancient road to Carrigo'-Gunnell crosses what was the boundary stream. Here I think, was the ford of Cean, or Cein. From this point along the bounds of Tervoe to the Shannon is the meaning of the Bishop's land to the west. At the time of the Down survey the Bishop's lands comprised more than two-thirds of the parish of

Mungret, some 4,000 acres.
It would be interesting to know how much of this princely patrimony remained intact at the date of the Disestablishment of the Church.

-J. G. Barry

Managamatile Genteror ?

"Forty-Five"

(An excerp from "Pendulum Swings")

"Play, we need a sixth", "Cast knaves," the g commenced, the game

And he revelled in thrills of expectation

As the dealer's hand wound clockwise round the table. The high man was shadowed And knuckles rapped off wood

When a card was good And he walloed in the dialect of vulgarity

With interjections of vile profanities

And numerous intermissions for leaks and replenishments.

The night wore on

As six sozzled gamblers staunchly defied The slippéry threshold to oblivióu,

Cheating and arguing with sardonic delight, And tempers tlaving

And clenching fists to light But always acquiescing at the vital minuté;

Extraordinary exhibition of deunken brinkmanship Twas two games all, he turned trumps

And an avaricious erin onveloped his countenance, THE CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT O

Thumh stroking chin in contemplation

As he perused the contents of his hand, Decision taken, he was

going for the jink. The king was struck, he robbed and struck, He led the five to vibes of

consternation,

He pulled the knave and

then the lour, And rising to the floor in wild

elation Fle hammered a king card off the table

And grabbed his partner's hand in triumph,

When a knuckle cracked the ace of hearts Off his reigning king of

diamonds.

Stummed in dismay he scrutinized the action replay. But memory's screen was

Then tingers clicked Triggering the irascible

willim And he surged across table,

McCakey, I'll break your bloody are.

Your reneged that acc of hearts!"

--- Michael O Siochru