Like the "Chronicle" it Recorded the Great Events of the Past

The Mayoral Chain has Links with History

IN recent years it has become the accepted practice for the Mayor of Limerick to bring the great Mayoral Chain with him on visits to the United States. Only in very exceptional circumstances, however, did former Corporations allow this priceless antiquity to be taken outside Ireland, and, up to a decade ago it had been taken abroad on only three occasions.

The first was in 1875 when Ambrose Hall attended a week's festivities given by the Lord Mayor and Corporation of London to all the Mayors of the world; the second in 1901 when Limerick's first Fenian Mayor, John Daly, took it with him on a tour of America, and the third in 1957 when the then Mayor, Alderman G. E. Russell, toured America to inaugurate a fund raising campaign for a memorial to Seoirse Clancy, Michael O'Callaghan, Brigadier Sean Wall and Volunteer Joseph O'Donoghue, who died in Ireland's War of Independence.

The Mayoral Chain is of great historical interest and has been associated with civic events for over 140 years. It is recorded that during Ambrose Hall's visit to the Guild Hall, London, in 1875, no chain was so much admired by many of those present, including the Syndic of Rome and the Prefect of Seine.

The greatest storm weathered by the emblem of our "ship of state" was in 1901, when Mayor John Daly took the Mayoral chain with him on his visit to America. As he was not sent out as the direct representative of the city, or Corporation, it was held that he had no right to take away the chain of office.

The storm of controversy raged fiercer on Daly's return, but Limerick's first Fenian Mayor made a forceful retort to his critics when, at a banquet given in his honour in the Council Chamber, he stated: "My right to take the chain was vindicated by the brainy men of America, for they said that here is a man who has been in chains for the most part of his life, and Limerick now sends him to us with the golden chain of office."

It was the first time that the chain was taken outside the British Dominions. In 1875, Ambrose Hall wore it in London during the week's festivities given by the Lord Mayor and Corporation of London to all the Mayors of the world, and at the expiry of his term of office he expressed himself pleased to get rid of the responsibility of its safe keeping. Somewhere about the middle of the last century it was very near being lost at the old Newcastle Racecourse during a race meeting—whether as the result of betting transaction or bad whiskey we are not told! No Mayor ever afterwards or before this occasion wore the chain unless on official occasions and representing the Corporation.

LIMERICK'S Mayoral Chain is one of the city's most treasured possessions, and intrinsically its value is even greater than many of the more elaborate-looking adornments of Mayors of far larger cities. What this intrinsic value is has not been computed, but it is undoubtedly very considerable. Its weight in 1866 was 19 ozs. 9½ dwts., and it has been considerably added to since then, bringing it in 1944 to 2 lbs. 7 ozs. 14 dwts.

Its historic value is priceless, and the records inscribed on its links date back to 1822. It has been present at every function of civic importance for over 140 years. It travelled with John Daly on his tour of impassioned speeches in New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Chicago. With him it participated in New York's great St. Patrick's Day parade of 1901, and with him was present at the great banquet of the Sons of St. Patrick to 450 guests.

The Mayoral Chain is of solid gold and was originally fashioned by a firm of London goldsmiths about 1820. In its early stages of growth the links from 1822 to 1842 were considerably smaller than at present and resemble a flat ring, in circumference not much larger than a £1. They had no room for elaborate engraving, and each merely carried the name of the holder of the office.

The links added by the Mayors of the Reformed Corporation, however, differed in format, were much greater in thickness and value, and carried a record of local, national and world events during each Mayor's term of office. They are mainly of the size of a five shilling piece with a circular piece taken out of the centre, thus turning what would otherwise be a medal into a link, attached to the other links by a small ring of gold. Other links have two holes diametrically apart and punched near the circumference.

IN three instances are the links wholly solid or medal-like, and attached to the chain as pendants. One of these bears the crest of Martin Honan, the first Reform Mayor, with the City Arms on the other side. (Honan, by the way, contrived to have his representation on the chain as far removed as possible from those of the old corrupt Corporation, which went out of office in 1841.)

The other medallions, which are among the latest additions to the chain, were presented by Mr. Michael B. O'Malley, solicitor, and the late James M. Casey. The O'Malley medallion bears the family crest in relief with motto "Terra Marique Potens."

Casey's medallion commemorates the fact that he was elected first Mayor under the Limerick City Management Act and that he acted as Deputy Mayor from March 7 to 22, 1921, after the murder of George Clancy by British Forces.

Two links added by the representatives of Limerick's murdered Mayors, George Clancy and Michael O'Callaghan, commemorate the greatest tragedy in the city's 700 years municipal history.

The last Mayor to add a link to the chain was Ald. G. E. Russell, who occupied the office for the three consecutive terms, 1954/5, 1955/6 and 1956/7. It commemorates a banquet given by Alderman Russell during his Mayoralty to the 16 surviving former Mayors of Limerick.

The following list of the inscriptions on the links of Limerick's Mayoral chain may be of more than usual interest.

THE INSCRIPTIONS UP TO 1842

Hon. J. P. Vereker, Mayor, Mayor, 1831-'32.

Ald. John Vereker, Mayor, 1833. (He was also Mayor in 1884).

1834.

Ald. John J. Pierce, Mayor, Garrett Hugh Fitzgerald, Mayor of Limerick, October 1, 1835.

Sir Richard Franklin, M.D., Mayor, 30th Sept., 1839. (He was Knighted during his term of office by Earl Fortescue, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.)

Hon. Charles Smith Vereker, Mayor, 1841.

Martin Honan, the first of the Reform Mayors, initiated the practice of recording outstanding events during the Mayoral term of office. The inscription on each link down through the years to our own time is given below.

MUNICIPAL REFORM ACT PUT IN OPERATION

On a solid medal appears: Martin Honan, Mayor for the years 1842/'43. On the back: Municipal Reform Act became law in Limerick, Nov. 9, 1841.

DIED IN HIS MAYORALTY

Pierce Shannon, Corbally House; Mayor, Jan. 1st, 1844. On back: Died in Mayoralty, June 6th, 1844.

ABBEY RIVER BRIDGE

William J. Geary, M.D., 1844/'45. First arch stones of the Abbey River Bridge laid, 29th Nov., 1845.

THE FLOATING DOCKS—THE POTATO CROP FAILED

Edmund F. G. Ryan, Mayor, 1846. Floating Docks commenced. Total failure of the potato crop. £5,000 collected in the city for the poor.

LIBERATOR DIED

Thomas Wallnutt, Mayor, 1847. The Liberator died at Genoa, 15th of May. General Election. John O'Brien and J. O'Connell (son of the Liberator) returned.

ISLAND BANK FOR THE CITIZENS

Michael Quin, 1848. Got possession of the Island Bank for the citizens. Railway communication opened 9th May between Dublin and Limerick.

THE FLOATING DOCKS

Alderman John Boyce, J.P., 1849. Presented the Coropration address to Her Majesty at the Levee in Dublin. Laid the foundation stone of the Floating Docks, on which occasion he was presented with a silver trowel.

GREAT INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION

Laurence Quinlivan, 1850. Presided at a banquet of the citizens to General Lord Gough on his return from India, 16th May. Attended Lord Mayor of London's banquet to Prince Albert and the Mayors of the United Kingdom in furtherance of the great industrial exhibition of all nations.

EARL OF ARUNDELL

Thaddeus McDonnell, J.P., 1851. The Earl of Arundell and Surrey was elected M.P. for the city.

LIMERICK M.P.s

Thomas Kane, M.D., J.P., 185[illegible] and 1857. Robert Potter and Francis W. Russell, Esq., returned as members for Limerick at the General Election.

FLOATING DOCKS OPENED

William Henry Hall elected Mayor, 1853. Great Munster Fair. New Cornmarket and Floating Docks opened by the Earl of St. Germaines.

PUBLIC FOUNTAINS

Henry O'Shea, 1855, Public fountains erected for the poor of the city.

CRIMEAN WAR

Henry Watson, Mayor, 1823 '24/'25/'26 and 1854, Irish Militia embodied. The Mayor this year traversed the land and water boundaries of the Corporation

Councillor Vincent Feeney, Mayor of Limerick, wearing the Mayoral chain

SCATTERY ISLAND

J. J. Cleary unanimously elected Mayor, 1873. Opening of Graving Docks by Earl Spencer, Lord Lieutenant, May 14. Vote by ballot became law in Ireland. Over 300 citizens invited by the Mayor to accompany his Excellency and Countess Spencer to Scattery Island. Dejeuner on board Ashantee War broke out. The Irish Eight won the Shield at Wimbledon.

THE BALLOT ACT

J. J. Cleary elected for the third time, 1874. Gladstone's Ministry resigned. Mayor attended banquet, June 3, to the Lord Mayor of London. Address of congratulation to his Grace the Duke of Abercorn, presented by Mayor and deputation of the Corporation at Vice Regal Lodge. First Parliamentary Election under the Ballot Act. Isaac Butt and R. O'Shaughnessy returned, February 8.

GAS WORKS

Eugene O'Callaghan, J.P., May., 1864. Presented address to Lord Lieutenant on assuming the Lord Lieutenancy of Ireland. Birth of a son to the Prince of Wales. The Corporation Gas Works renovated Bill for Corkanree embankment promoted by the Corporation.

TREATY STONE

Ald. J. R. Tinsley, J.P., Mayor, 1865. General Election—Russell and Gavin were elected for the city. £5,000 expended on sewerage. Distress among the working classes and outdoor relief ordered by the Crown to the Corporation, 20th November