My Life and Times

From page 17

The death has occurred unexpectedly of Councillor Frank Glasgow, Strandville Gardens, and formerly of Janesboro. The late Councillor Glasgow was in his 32nd year.

He was 22 years in public life, successfully contesting the Irish local elections as a Flanna Fianna candidate, and became Mayor in 1961.

During the fight for freedom — he joined as a member of Flanna Fianna — he served in Mid-Limerick Brigade and was subsequently captured and interned in Wandsworth, where he spent a long period on hunger strike before being released.

Councillor Glasgow's first and undying love was for the Irish language. He was prominent in all phases of the revival movement, being an executive member of the Gaelic League for many years, president of Chann-na-h-Eileanna (now defunct), Cara and many other Gaelic movements.

He was a close friend of Terence MacSwiney. He strove at all times to improve standards, and took a deep interest in the cultural life of the city, being Chairman of the City Art Gallery.

Frank was a man of the highest integrity, full of principle and a gentleman at all times. He served his city well and gave invaluable service to the youth of his day.

His death will be deeply regretted.

Senator G. E. Russell, the longest serving member of the City Council, in a tribute to the late Councillor Glasgow, said: "With over 36 years experience in public life, I can say that Frank Glasgow was one of the most upright and sincere men that it has been my good fortune to meet.

He stood firm by his principles and gave tangible evidence of his life-long service to everything Irish. The outstanding example of his sincerity was provided four or five years ago, when he stood firm in his beliefs when the vacancy created by the late Alderman John Carew should be filled by a member of his (Carew's) party.

The late Cllr. Frank Glasgow

Odds and Ends

From page 17

ditional violinists in the country.

His short history of the Irish Pipers begins at the introduction of the instrument to Ireland. It was heard at the battle of Clontarf in 1014, and at the battle of the Curlew in 1690; and again at becalmed Limerick in 1690.

Irish piper Tadhg tells us, travelled with the Wild Geese. Coming down to modern times Tadhg mentions such pipe bands as the Cork Volunteer Pipe Band, the Limerick Brian Boru Pipers, and the Fintan Lator Pipe Band. And among the famous individual pipers he tells us something about are some who played notable parts in Irish history — Eamon Cogan and Thomas Ashe; and Florence Begley, the piper of Crossharry. He also pays a well-deserved tribute to Louis Noble for his great work for Irish piping.

At a future date Tadhg hopes