

pert O'Brien.

week before him, was while all nine were to was nothing new. Well do be theirs, when they ling the flock of Christ. In the desire to endure ip. Never once did He wous. Never once did His service with fair compromising honesty him take up his cross loss and come after Me

nd. Inchiquin stalked eries, devastating the s at Cashel and at nd, attempted to seize the victorious army

and his colleagues at l, where they tried to Anglo-Irish factions

en Viscounts, many on of the nation. It had, too, the backing of such cities as Wexford, Waterford, Kilkenny, Clonmel, Limerick and Galway, while its chief source of strength lay in the Ulster army of Eoin Roe. (13)

It is on record that Terence addressed eighty of the representatives⁽¹⁴⁾, and we can imagine his burning words for peace and unity. As a practical measure he asked that taxes be levied on Munster to help the upkeep of the Ulster army, but, alas for human hopes, his request was turned down. (15) Before setting out for Emly, he petitioned the Pope to fill the See of Derry. (16)

Back in Emly once again, Terence took his diocese in hands, and revived hope among the people. A Synod was held and measures were discussed on the best means of protecting the faith. (17) There was grave danger of schism. The Ormond "peace" guaranteed freedom only to the laity. This "peace" was a temporary measure and was subject to an annual revision. By restoring some of the confiscated lands to the people and by not requiring the oath of supremacy it was thought to wean the faithful from the authority of the bishops. Vested interests, alas, have a strong hold on the human heart and many there were who succumbed to the subtle temptation. Limerick, a



-From a photograph c. 1880.

Galwey House. According to tradition, Ireton died here.