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Regiment being left in the command of the French ar-
 my of which Massena was general.
 At the date of Lord Wellington's dispatches, most,
 if not the whole, of the missing of the allied armies
 had returned to their respective corps.
 The above dispatches were brought by the Princess
 Elizabeth Packet, which has arrived at Falmouth,
 from Lisbon in eight days. We have received Lisbon
 papers and letters by this conveyance, to the 27th ult.
 and we learn, that down to the 27th ult. no farther
 operations had taken place in the vicinity of Badajoz.
 The Portuguese papers are filled with details of the
 battle of Albuera, but they contain nothing on the
 subject but what we already know.

This day arrived a mail from Heligoland, by which
 we have received the following letter:

HELLIGOLAND, MAY 30.

We have had lately some arrivals from the oppo-
 site coast, which bring no intelligence of importance.
 From these it appears that articles of colonial produce
 are advancing in price, and hopes are held out that Bo-
 naparte's system of continental exclusion may be a lit-
 tle relaxed. The accounts of the French troops hav-
 ing marched for the interior is confirmed. A suffi-
 cient number however of soldiers and donaniers have
 been left at the different ports and depots, to observe
 what is passing on the coast, and take care that no cor-
 respondence with a British post be carried on, and no
 article of British merchandize introduced.

The King of Sweden remains at the residence of Ed-
 ward Nichols, Esq. How long he may prolong his
 stay is uncertain.

His Majesty we have the satisfaction to state, was
 still better yesterday than on the preceding day, and
 had the happiness of being visited by the Queen and
 Princesses.

The Cadiz mail of yesterday brought a proclamation
 for a new election of the cortes, two-thirds of this body
 being, according to the constitution, to withdraw from
 their public duties in September next. General Imaz,
 to whom treason was imputed in the surrender of Ba-
 dajoz, has been ordered for trial, by a court-martial,
 on the recommendation of Senor Arcuells, a distin-
 guished member of the cortes. We are extremely
 surprised to find that this General is at Cadiz, although
 he surrendered himself a prisoner of war to the French
 at Badajoz. The siege of Cadiz was not raised, and
 although Soult had withdrawn a part of the assailing
 army for the attack of Albuera, no movement of the
 besieged for that purpose had been discovered.

HOUSE OF COMMONS, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 5.

MILITIA INTERCHANGE BILL.

Mr. PARNELL proposed a clause to give roman cat-
 holic soldiers in the militia legal security in the exer-
 cise of their religion. He contended that the catholics
 were entitled to the benefit of this security, by every
 principle of justice, of policy, and expediency, and
 that it was earnestly demanded by the great body of the
 catholics of Ireland.

Mr. FITZGERALD argued, that there was no neces-
 sity for the clause; that the bill as it stands was ade-
 quate to every beneficial purpose; that the order of the
 commander in chief was of sufficient validity; as* that
 they had in fact legal security in the present bill, accord-
 ing to the opinion of the crown lawyers of this country
 who had been consulted upon it.

General MATTHEW replied to Mr. Fitzgerald, and
 insisted that it was necessary that some provision should
 be made for affording to the catholic militiaman the
 consolation of their religion while serving in England,
 and he thought, as had been suggested by Mr. Parnell,
 though not in his clause, that roman catholic chaplains
 should be appointed to such regiments as were almost
 exclusively of that religious persuasion. In the Tip-
 perary regiment, consisting of one thousand men, he
 believed there were not more than fifty, certainly not
 one hundred protestants, and for the truth of his sen-
 timent he appealed to their colonel, now in the house.

that the Thistla has arrived at Falmouth, and left
 Lisbon 3 days later than the Port Mahon. The cap-
 tain states that previous to his departure there had
 been a report of another dreadful conflict: this is ra-
 ther too vague and indistinct for us to attach any cre-
 dit whatever to the rumour. Two Americans have
 also arrived, which reiterate the rumour. This ac-
 count, we cannot estimate as any kind of corroborati-
 on whatever.

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, has been
 pleased in the name and on behalf of his Majesty, to
 appoint Major Generals, from Ferdinand Baron Dresch-
 sel to Sir Breat Spencer, Bart. both inclusive, to be
 Lieutenant Generals in the army—Colonels, from Ben-
 Fisher to Samuel Hawker, inclusive, to be Major Gen-
 Lieutenant-colonels from Sir Charles Lushoff to Thomas
 Sidney, to be Colonels—and Majors from J. Campbell
 to John Stafford, of the 63d foot, to be Lieut.-col.

In this promotion we are particularly gratified to find
 the names of Colonel John Bouchier, of the late Irish
 Artillery, to be Major-General; Colonel Vandeleur, of
 the 19th Light Dragoons to be ditto; and Major Arthur
 Lloyd of the 93th foot, to be Lieut.-Colonel.

Yesterday his Grace the Archbishop of Cashel
 arrived the Lord Bishop's Palace, in this city, on visita-
 tion.

All the officers and privates of the Royal Pembroke
 militia, now stationed at Bristol, have volunteered their
 services to Ireland, with an offer to extend the same to
 Spain or Portugal, if required.

LIST OF MEMBERS

WHO VOTED FOR MR. GRATTAN'S MOTION, MAY 31.

Adair, R. Abercrombie, J. Antonio, L. Bernard, S.
 Barham, F. Brougham, H. Byng, G. Bennett, Z. H.
 Cocks, E. C. Colburn, N. R. Combe, H. C. Cavendish,
 Lord G. Cavendish, W. Creevey, T. Calcraft, J. Dun-
 cannon, Lord Elliott, W. Fitzpatrick, R. Greenhill, R.
 Grenfel, F. Grenville, Lord G. Hipposley, Sir J. C.
 Hibbert, G. Hussey, W. S. Hanbury, W. Horner, F.
 Lemon, J. Lamb, W. Lester, G. G. Milton, Lord, Ma-
 hon, Lord Maryat, J. M'Donald, J. Moore, P. North,
 D. Nugent, G. Ord, W. Pigot, T. Pym, F. Pousonby, G.
 Romilly, Sir S. Scudamore, R. C. St. Aubyn, J. Smith,
 W. Smith, J. Sharpe, R. Sheridan, R. B. Stanley, T.
 Tierney, G. Tavistock, Marquis, Whitbread, S. Wes-
 tern, C. Warrender, Sir G. Walpole, G. Wrottesley, F.
 Wynne, C.

IRISH MEMBERS WHO VOTED FOR MR. GRATTAN.

Butler, J. Bligh, T. Bagenel, W. Daly, D. B. Dillon,
 A. Fitzgerald, Lord H. Fitzgald, A. Grattan, H.
 Hamilton, H. Herbert, H. A. Hutchinson, C. Latouche,
 R. Latouche, J. Montgomery, H. Matthew, M. Mahon,
 S. Newport, Sir J. O'Brien, Sir E. Odell, W. Parnell, H.
 Prittie, F. Power, R. Pousonby, F. Pousonby, G. Quin,
 W. Savage, F. Somerville, Sir M. Tighe, W. Talbot, R.

IRISH MEMBERS AGAINST THE MOTION.

Pole, W. W. Foster, J. Leslie, C. P. Duigenan, Pat.
 Bernard, T. Archdale, M. Jocelyn, Lord, M'Naghten, A.
 Beresford, P. Beresford, Lord G. Hill, Sir G. Shaw, R.
 Richardson, W. Bernard, Lord.

From the above list it appears, that, of the Irish
 members who voted, thirty were for Mr. Grattan's mo-
 tion, and only fourteen against it—This fact is quite
 conclusive of the opinion of the Protestants of Ireland
 being in favour of the Catholics.

BIRTH.—Yesterday morning, at his house, Lock-
 Quay, the lady of Thomas Francis Wilkinson, Esq. of a
 daughter.

MARRIED.—In Dublin, Wm. Monsell, Esq. of Tervoe,
 to Olivia, daughter of Sir Allan Johnston Walsh, Bart.
 of Ballykilleaven, Queen's county. A few days since,
 the Hon. Hamilton Ralph Crofton, (aide-de-camp to
 to General Sir John Craddock), youngest son of the
 late Sir E. Crofton, bart. and of Baroness Crofton, to
 Mary, eldest daughter of Thomas Hensworth, Esq. of
 of this city.

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